Proposed Subdivision -Hereford Hill Stages 15 & 16, Site Classification

Pasture Street and Dairyman Drive, Lochinvar

NEW17P-0054F-AB 7 June 2022



7 June 2022

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd Suite 1, Level 3, 426 King Street NEWCASTLE WEST NSW 2309

Attention: Mr Rylan Gibson

Dear Sir,

RE: PROPOSED SUBDIVISION – HEREFORD HILL – STAGES 15 & 16
PASTURE STREET AND DAIRYMAN DRIVE, LOCHINVAR
SITE CLASSIFICATION (LOTS 1501 TO 1514 AND 1601 TO 1630)

Please find enclosed our geotechnical report for the proposed residential subdivision of Hereford Hill, Stages 15 and 16, located at Pasture Street and Dairyman Drive, Lochinvar.

The report includes recommendations for Site Classification in accordance with AS2870-2011, "Residential Slabs and Footings".

If you have any questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact Ben Edwards, Shannon Kelly, or the undersigned.

For and on behalf of Qualtest Laboratory (NSW) Pty Ltd

Jason Lee

Principal Geotechnical Engineer

## **Table of Contents:**

1.0		Introduction	1
2.0		Desktop Study	
3.0		Field Work	1
4.0		Site Description	2
	4.1	Site Regrade Works	2
	4.2	Surface Conditions	3
	4.3	Subsurface Conditions	4
5.0		Laboratory Testing	10
6.0		Site Classification to AS2870-2011	12
7.0		Limitations	13

## **Attachments:**

Figure AB1: Site Plan and Approximate Test Locations

Appendix A: Results of Field Investigations

Appendix B: Results of Laboratory Testing

Appendix C: CSIRO Sheet BTF 18

#### 1.0 Introduction

Qualtest Laboratory NSW Pty Ltd (Qualtest) is pleased to present this geotechnical site classification report to McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd (McCloy), for Stages 15 & 16 of the proposed subdivision located at Pasture Street and Dairyman Drive, Lochinvar.

Based on the Brief and Plans of the subdivision provided in an email dated 11 April 2022 from McCloy, Stages 15 and 16 are understood to include 44 residential allotments (Lots 1501 to 1514 and Lots 1601 to 1630), as shown in Figure AB1.

The scope of work included providing site classification with respect to reactive soils, in accordance with the requirements of AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings', for Stages 15 & 16 following completion of site regrade works.

This report presents the results of the field work investigations and laboratory testing, and provides recommendations for the scope outlined above.

## 2.0 Desktop Study

The scope of work has included a review of the following reports completed by Qualtest:

- Level 1 Site Regrade Assessment Report, 'Proposed Subdivision of Hereford Hill Stage 11, 12, 18, & 19, Lochinvar', (Report Reference: NEW20P-0146B-AA, dated 7 July, 2021);
- Preliminary Geotechnical Assessment, 'Proposed Subdivision Hereford Hill DA2 Area (Stages 13, 14 & 15), Lots 2 & 3, DP1218389, New England Highway, Lochinvar', (Report Reference: NEW17P-0054D-AB, dated 12 July 2021);
- Geotechnical Assessment, 'Proposed Subdivision Hereford Hill DA2 Area Stages 11, 12, & 16, New England Highway, Lochinvar', (Report Reference: NEW17P-0054C-AC.Rev1, dated 12 July 2021);
- Site Classification, 'Proposed Subdivision Hereford Hill Stages 13 and 14, Eloura Street and Drover Drive, Lochinvar', (Report Reference: NEW17P-0054D-AD, dated 28 January 2022); and,
- Site Classification, 'Proposed Subdivision Hereford Hill Stages 11 and 12, Gregory Road and Silo Street, Lochinvar', (Report Reference: NEW17P-0054C-AD, dated 3 November 2021).

This report includes selected results from the reports referenced above, to supplement information collected during the current investigations where applicable. Reference should be made to the reports outlined above for further details of site conditions, field work and laboratory testing conducted, site supervision, and testing carried out.

#### 3.0 Field Work

The field work investigations were carried out on 26 and 27 April 2022 and comprised of:

- DBYD search and visual check of proposed test locations for the presence of underground services;
- Site walkover to make observations of surface features at the property and in the immediate surrounding area;

- Drilling of twenty-four (24 no.) boreholes (BH1501 to BH1508, and BH1601 to BH1616) using a 2.7 tonne excavator equipped with a 300mm diameter auger. Boreholes were terminated at depths of between 1.00m and 2.00m, with undisturbed samples (U50 tubes) taken for subsequent laboratory testing; and,
- Boreholes were backfilled with the excavation spoil and compacted using the excavator auger and tracks.

Investigations were carried out by an experienced Geotechnical Engineer from Qualtest who located the boreholes, carried out the testing and sampling, produced field logs of the boreholes, and made observations of the site surface conditions.

Approximate borehole locations are shown on the attached Figure AB1. Boreholes were located in the field by handheld GPS and relative to existing site features including topographic features, lot boundaries, existing developments and trees.

Engineering logs of the boreholes are presented in Appendix A.

## 4.0 Site Description

### 4.1 Site Regrade Works

Site re-grading for the Stage 16 bulk earthworks, (which was previously referred to as being within Stages 11, 12, 18 & 19 in 2021 prior to renumbering of Lots / Stages) was conducted between 14 April 2021 and 8 June 2021. Re-grade works included filling of existing site dam and drainage channels, cutting and filling within Stages 11, 12, 18 & 19, along with cut / fill works performed for the foundation of a proposed keyway, with the construction of a permanent Detention Basin adjacent to New England Highway.

Refer to attached Figure AB1 for the approximate extent of lot re-grade works for this stage of the development.

Prior to filling, re-grade areas were stripped of topsoil and unsuitable material to expose the suitable natural foundation profile. Preparation works were then performed, which consisted of tining, re-conditioning and re-compaction of the stripped surface. Following preparation works, a proof roll assessment was then performed prior to filling with approved site fill to design finish levels.

Filling was performed using site stockpiled material won from excavations cut from around the site. The fill material could generally be described as mixtures of Residual (CI-CH) Sandy CLAY, medium to high plasticity, brown / red in colour, with fine to coarse grained Sand and Gravel.

The approximate depth of fill placed ranged in the order of 0.1m to about 3.6m, with the deepest areas within an existing dam within Lots 1619 to 1621.

The fill was compacted in maximum lifts of 0.3m thickness. Any unsuitable or deleterious material within the fill was removed by hand or mechanical means prior to final compaction of the material.

As the geotechnical testing authority engaged for the project, we state that the re-grading works performed within Stage 16 (as shown on attached Figure AB2), was carried out to Level 1 criteria as defined in Clause 8.2 – Section 8, of AS3798-2007, "Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments".

The recommendations of this report are based on the understanding that any existing lot re-grade works are limited to the controlled earthworks supervised by Qualtest, and placement of low reactivity topsoil material such that total depth of topsoil and uncontrolled fill does not exceed 0.4m. Qualtest should be informed without delay if additional earthworks are known to have been carried out.

During field investigations undertaken on 26 and 27 April 2022, there was noted to be fill stockpiles on a number of lots within Stages 15 & 16. The lots have been classified based on the understanding that these stockpiles are to be removed prior to construction of residential footings.

#### 4.2 Surface Conditions

The site comprises Stages 15 and 16 of the Hereford Hill residential subdivision, located at Pasture Street and Dairyman Drive, respectively, as shown on Figure AB1 attached.

The site is located within a region of gently undulating topography, and is bounded by existing and futures stages of the proposed subdivision including Stage 1 and Stages 11 to 14 to the east and south, New England Highway to the north, an existing basin to the northwest of the site, and rural dwellings and future subdivision to the west.

Selected photographs of the site taken on the days of the site investigation are shown below.



**Photograph 1:** From near BH1502 (Lot 1503), facing south.



**Photograph 2:** From near BH1502 (Lot 1502), facing north.



**Photograph 3:** From near BH1505 (Lot 1507), facing northeast.



**Photograph 4:** From near BH1505 (Lot 1507), facing east.



**Photograph 5:** From near BH1501 (Lot 1610), facing north.



**Photograph 6:** From near BH1501 (Lot 1501), facing south.



**Photograph 7:** Near BH1601 (Lot 1601), facing west.



**Photograph 8:** Near BH1601 (Lot 1601), facing north.



**Photograph 9:** From near BH1615 (Lot 1628), facing southwest.



**Photograph 10:** From near BH1615 (Lot 1628), facing west.



**Photograph 11:** Near BH1610 (Lot 1619), facing west.



**Photograph 12:** Near BH1610 (Lot 1619), facing north. Showing existing basin and overflow area located in the northeast corner of site.



Photograph 13: From Lot 1630, facing north.



Photograph 14: From Lot 1630, facing south.

#### 4.3 Subsurface Conditions

Reference to the 1:100,000 Cessnock Regional Geology Series Sheet 9132 indicates the site to be underlain by the Lochinvar Formation of the Dalwood Group, which is characterised by lithic feldspathic sandstone, siltstone, shale, tuff, basalt flows and erratics.

Table 1 presents a summary of the typical soil / rock types encountered at the borehole locations during the field investigations, divided into representative geotechnical units.

Table 2 contains a summary of the distribution of the above geotechnical units at the borehole locations.

TABLE 1 – SUMMARY OF GEOTECHNICAL UNITS AND SOIL TYPES

Unit	Soil Type	Description
1A	Fill – Topsoil	Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grained sand, trace fine grained angular gravel, root affected.
1B	Fill – Controlled	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown with some grey- brown, trace orange, trace fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to medium grained angular gravel.
2	Topsoil	Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets.
3	Colluvium	CLAY, Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, grey with some brown.
		CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown / brown, trace fine to coarse grained sand, trace pockets of Gravelly SAND.
		Sandy CLAY – generally medium plasticity, pale brown to pale grey-brown trace pale orange, fine to coarse grained (mostly fine grained) sand, trace fine grained sub-angular gravel in places.
4	Residual Soil	Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, pale grey with some brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fine grained angular gravel.
		Clayey Sandy GRAVEL - fine to medium grained angular, grey to brown with some orange, fine to coarse grained sand, fines of medium plasticity.
		Borderline Extremely Weathered Rock in places.
		Andesite; breaks down into Gravelly Sandy CLAY - medium plasticity, pale brown to pale grey, with some pockets of CLAY in places.
5	Extremely Weathered (XW) Rock with soil properties	Andesite; breaks down into Clayey Sandy GRAVEL - fine to medium grained angular, grey to brown with some orange, fine to coarse grained sand, fines of medium plasticity.
		Andesite; breaks down into Gravelly SAND - fine to coarse grained, pale grey and pale brown, fine to medium grained angular gravel, with some fines of low to medium plasticity.
6	Highly Weathered (HW) to Moderately Weathered (MW) Rock	ANDESITE - brown to dark brown and dark grey, varying rock strength estimated between low and high strength.

TABLE 2 – SUMMARY OF GEOTECHNICAL UNITS ENCOUNTERED AT EACH TEST LOCATION

Location	Unit 1A Fill – Topsoil	Unit 1B Fill – Controlled	Unit 2 Topsoil	Unit 3 Colluvium	Unit 4 Residual Soil	Unit 5 XW Rock	Unit 6 HW Rock					
	Depth in metres (m)											
BH1501	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1502	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1503	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.25	0.25 - 1.30	1.30 - 1.70	1.70 - 2.00^					
BH1504	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.70	1.70 - 2.00^	-					
BH1505	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 0.40	0.40 - 0.90	0.90 - 1.00*					
BH1506	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 0.60	0.60 - 2.00^	-					
BH1507	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00^	-	-					
BH1508	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.50	-	1.50 - 1.60*					
BH1601	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	0.15 - 0.35	0.35 - 1.70	1.70 - 1.80^	-					
BH1602	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1603	0.00 - 0.20	0.20 - 1.40	-	-	1.40 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1604	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 1.50	-	-	1.50 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1605	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 1.50	-	-	1.50 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1606	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1607	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00	-	-					

Location	Unit 1A Fill – Topsoil	Unit 1B Fill – Controlled	Unit 2 Topsoil	Unit 3 Colluvium	Unit 4 Residual Soil	Unit 5 XW Rock	Unit 6 HW Rock				
	Depth in metres (m)										
BH1608	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00	-	-				
BH1609	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.30	0.30 - 2.00	-	-				
BH1610	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 2.00	-	-	-	-	-				
BH1611	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 2.00	-	-	-	-	-				
BH1612	0.00 - 0.15	0.15 - 1.80	-	1.80 - 2.00	-	-	-				
BH1613	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 1.50	-	-	-	1.50 - 2.00^	-				
BH1614	0.00 - 0.20	20 0.20 - 1.00 -		-	1.00 - 2.00 -		-				
BH1615	0.00 - 0.10		-	- 0.30 - 1.00		1.00 - 2.00^	-				
BH1616	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.40	1.40 - 2.00	-				
		Previous Inve	estigation (Ref. NEW	17P-0054D-AD, da	ted 28 January 2022	2)					
BH1305	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 0.70	0.70 - 2.30	-				
BH1306	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.30	1.30 - 2.30	-				
BH1405	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.50	1.50 - 2.30	-				
BH1406	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.60	1.60 - 2.30	-				
		Previous Geotechnic	al Investigation (Re	f: NEW17P-0054C-	AD, dated 3 Novem	ber 2021)					
BH1101	0.00 - 0.40	-	-	-	0.40 - 1.20	1.20 - 2.00	-				

Location	Unit 1A Fill – Topsoil	Unit 1B Fill – Controlled	Unit 2 Topsoil	Unit 3 Colluvium	Unit 4 Residual Soil	Unit 5 XW Rock	Unit 6 HW Rock					
	Depth in metres (m)											
BH1102	0.00 - 0.40	-	-	-	0.40 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1103	-	0.00 - 0.50	-	-	0.50 - 0.90	0.90 - 2.00	-					
BH1104	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 0.70	-	-	0.70 - 1.80	1.80 - 2.00	-					
BH1105	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 1.60	-	-	1.60 - 2.50	-	-					
BH1106	0.00 - 0.15	0.15 - 1.50	-	-	1.50 - 2.00	-	-					
BH1107	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.20 - 1.80	1.80 - 2.00	-					
BH1204	-	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.80	0.80 - 2.00	-					
BH1205	-	-	-	-	0.00 - 0.75	0.75 - 2.00	-					
		Previous Geotech	nical Investigation (	Ref: NEW17P-0054	D-AB, dated 12 July	2021)						
BHQ05	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 1.30	1.30 - 2.00^	-						
BHQ06	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	0.10 - 1.50	1.50 - 1.90^	-						
		Previous Geotech	nical Investigation (	Ref: NEW17P-00540	C-AC, dated 13 May	<i>(</i> 2021)						
TPP01	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	-	0.15 - 1.80	-	1.80 - 1.95^					
TPP02	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 2.00	-	-					
TPP03	-	-	0.00 - 0.20	-	0.30 - 1.50	1.50 - 1.95	1.95 - 2.00^					
TPP04	0.00 - 0.40	-	-	-	0.40 - 1.60	1.60 - 1.75^	-					

Location	Unit 1A Fill – Topsoil	Unit 1B Fill – Controlled	Unit 2 Topsoil	Unit 3 Colluvium	Unit 4 Residual Soil	Unit 5 XW Rock	Unit 6 HW Rock					
	Depth in metres (m)											
BHP05	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	-	0.15 - 1.00 1.10 - 1.50	1.00 – 1.10 1.50 - 2.00	-					
TPP06	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	-	0.15 - 1.20	1.20 - 2.00	-					
TPP07			- 0.00 - 0.10 - 0.10 - 0.10 - 0.70		0.10 - 0.70	0.70 - 1.20	1.20 - 1.60*					
ВНР08	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	-	0.15 - 1.10	1.10 - 2.00^	-					
TPP09	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 1.80^	-	-					
TPP10	-	-	0.00 - 0.10	-	0.10 - 0.90	0.90 - 1.70^	-					
	Pr	evious Geotechnica	l Investigation (Ref:	NEW17P-0054A-A	A.Rev2, dated 19 Au	gust 2020)						
TP126	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	0.15 - 0.25	0.25 - 1.60	1.60 - 1.90^	-					
TP127	-	-	0.00 - 0.15	0.15 - 0.35	0.35 - 1.20	1.20 - 1.90	1.90 - 2.00*					
Note:	$\wedge$ = Slow to very	slow progress of 2.7	tonne excavator.									
	* = Practical refusal of 2.7 tonne excavator met on Highly Weathered Rock.											

No groundwater levels or inflows were encountered in the boreholes during the limited time that they remained open on the day of the field investigations.

It should be noted that groundwater conditions can vary due to rainfall and other influences including regional groundwater flow, temperature, permeability, recharge areas, surface condition, and subsoil drainage.

## 5.0 Laboratory Testing

Samples collected during the current field investigations were returned to our NATA accredited Newcastle Laboratory for testing which comprised of:

• (33 no.) Shrink / Swell tests.

Results of the laboratory testing are presented in Appendix B, with a summary of the Shrink/Swell test results presented in Table 3.

Laboratory test results from previous investigations are included where applicable.

TABLE 3 - SUMMARY OF SHRINK / SWELL TESTING RESULTS

Location	Depth (m)	Material Description	I <sub>ss</sub> (%)
		Current Investigation	1
BH1501	0.50 – 0.65	(CH) CLAY	4.6
BH1502	0.50 - 0.64	(CH) CLAY	1.1
BH1503	0.60 - 0.85	(CH) CLAY	5.7
BH1504	0.50 - 0.64	(CH) CLAY	4.6
BH1505	0.20 - 0.35	(CH) CLAY	1.4
BH1506	0.35 – 0.60	(CH) CLAY	4.4
BH1507	0.50 - 0.65	(CH) CLAY	4.7
BH1508	0.20 - 0.33	(CH) CLAY	3.4
BH1601	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	4.7
BH1602	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	4.5
BH1602	1.00 – 1.15	(CL) Gravelly Sandy CLAY	2.8
BH1603	0.40 - 0.52	FILL: (CH) CLAY	2.7
BH1603	1.00 – 1.20	FILL: (CH) CLAY	4.0
BH1604	0.40 - 0.60	FILL: (CH) CLAY	2.6
BH1604	1.00 – 1.15	FILL: (CH) CLAY	3.0
BH1605	0.40 – 0.57	FILL: (CH) CLAY	3.0
BH1605	1.00 – 1.18	FILL: (CH) CLAY	3.8
BH1606	0.50 - 0.63	(CH) CLAY	3.8
BH1607	0.50 – 0.66	(CH) CLAY	3.8
BH1608	0.40 - 0.60	(CH) CLAY	4.1
BH1609	0.60 – 0.75	(CH) CLAY	3.7
BH1610	0.50 - 0.63	FILL: (CH) CLAY	4.5
BH1610	1.00 – 1.20	FILL: (CH) CLAY	2.3

BH1611	0.50 – 0.75	FILL: (CH) CLAY	4.0
BH1611	1.00 – 1.15	FILL: (CH) CLAY	2.1
BH1612	0.40 - 0.55	FILL: (CH) CLAY	2.5
BH1612	1.00 – 1.15	FILL: (CH) CLAY	2.2
BH1613	0.50 - 0.65	FILL: (CH) CLAY	5.6
BH1613	1.00 – 1.15	FILL: (CH) CLAY	4.8
BH1614	0.70 – 0.95	FILL: (CH) CLAY	3.6
BH1615	0.70 – 0.90	(CH) CLAY	4.9
BH1616	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	4.4
BH1616	1.00 – 1.20	(CH) CLAY	4.9
Pro	evious Investigati	on (Ref. NEW17P-0054D-AD, dated 28 January 2	2022)
BH1305	0.50 - 0.65	(CH) CLAY	0.6
BH1306	0.60 - 0.90	(CH) CLAY	3.4
BH1405	0.90 - 1.10	(CH) CLAY	3.9
BH1406	0.50 - 0.65	(CH) CLAY	3.8
Previous G	Seotechnical Inve	estigation (Ref: NEW17P-0054C-AD, dated 3 Nov	rember 2021)
BH1101	0.80 - 0.95	(CH) CLAY	3.1
BH1102	0.50 - 0.80	(CH) CLAY	4.6
BH1104	0.50 - 0.60	FILL: (CH) CLAY	3.3
BH1105	0.30 - 0.50	FILL: (CH) Sandy CLAY	2.9
BH1105	1.00 - 1.25	FILL: (CH) Sandy CLAY	3.1
BH1106	1.00 - 1.20	FILL: (CH) CLAY	3.1
BH1107	0.50 - 0.85	(CH) CLAY	3.7
BH1204	0.50 - 0.75	(CH) CLAY	3.4
BH1205	0.50 - 0.70	(CH) CLAY	2.9
	Previous Inves	stigation (Ref: NEW17P-0054D-AB, 12 July 2021)	
BHQ06	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	3.7
Previous	s Geotechnical In	nvestigation (Ref: NEW17P-0054C-AC, dated 13	May 2021)
TPP03	0.60 - 0.80	(CH) CLAY	4.1
TPP04	0.60 - 0.80	(CH) CLAY	3.5
BHP05	0.60 - 0.80	(CH) CLAY	2.5
TPP06	0.50 – 0.65	(CH) CLAY	3.1
BHP08	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	2.3
TPP09	0.50 – 0.70	(CH) CLAY	4.4

#### 6.0 Site Classification to AS2870-2011

Based on the results of the field work and laboratory testing, residential lots located within Stages 15 and 16 of the Hereford Hill residential subdivision, are classified in their current condition, in accordance with AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings' as shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4 -SITE CLASSIFICATION TO AS2870-2011

Stage	Lot Numbers	Site Classification
15	1501 to 1514	H2
17	1610 to 1616	H2
16	1601 to 1609, 1617 to 1630	E

Notes:

Localised fill stockpiles and mounded topsoil were present on some lots at the time of the field investigations. Site classifications provided herein are made on the understanding that the fill stockpiles and mounded topsoil will be removed prior to sales / development of the lots, such that remaining topsoil and/or uncontrolled fill depths on lots is less than 0.4m.

If any localised areas of topsoil and/or uncontrolled fill of depths greater than 0.4m are encountered during construction, footings should be designed in accordance with engineering principles for **Class 'P'** sites.

A characteristic free surface movement in the range of 60mm to 75mm is estimated for the lots classified as **Class 'H2'** in their existing condition.

A characteristic free surface movement in the range of 75mm to 125mm is estimated for the lots classified as **Class 'E'** in their existing condition; although, a characteristic free surface movement in the range of 75mm to 100mm is expected to apply for lots classified as **Class 'E'** with shrink/swell indexes of 4.0% or lower.

The effects of changes to the soil profile by additional cutting and filling and the effects of past and future trees should be considered in selection of the design value for differential movement.

If site re-grading works involving cutting or filling are performed after the date of this assessment the classification may change and further advice should be sought.

Footings for the proposed development should be designed and constructed in accordance with the requirements of AS2870-2011.

The classification presented above assumes that:

- All footings are founded in controlled fill (if applicable) or in the natural clayey soils or rock below all non-controlled fill, topsoil material and root zones, and fill under slab panels meets the requirements of AS2870-2011, in particular, the root zone must be removed prior to the placement of fill materials beneath slabs;
- The performance expectations set out in Appendix B of AS2870-2011 are acceptable, and that site foundation maintenance is undertaken to avoid extremes of wetting and drying;

- Footings are to be founded outside of or below all zones of influence resulting from existing
  or future service trenches;
- The constructional and architectural requirements for reactive clay sites set out in AS2870-2011 are followed:
- Adherence to the detailing requirement outlined in Section 5 of AS2870-2011 'Residential Slabs and Footings' is essential, in particular Section 5.6, 'Additional requirements for Classes M, H1, H2 and E sites' including architectural restrictions, plumbing and drainage requirements; and,
- Site maintenance complies with the provisions of CSIRO Sheet BTF 18, "Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide", a copy of which is attached in Appendix C.

All structural elements on all lots should be supported on footings founded beneath all uncontrolled fill, topsoil, layers of inadequate bearing capacity, soft/loose, wet or other potentially deleterious material.

If any localised areas of uncontrolled fill of depths greater than 0.4m are encountered during construction, footings should be designed in accordance with engineering principles for Class 'P' sites.

#### 7.0 Limitations

The findings presented in the report and used as the basis for recommendations presented herein were obtained using normal, industry accepted geotechnical design practices and standards. To our knowledge, they represent a reasonable interpretation of the general conditions of the site.

The extent of testing associated with this assessment is limited to discrete test locations. It should be noted that subsurface conditions between and away from the test locations may be different to those observed during the field work and used as the basis of the recommendations contained in this report.

If subsurface conditions encountered during construction differ from those given in this report, further advice should be sought without delay.

Data and opinions contained within the report may not be used in other contexts or for any other purposes without prior review and agreement by Qualtest. If this report is reproduced, it must be in full.

If you have any further questions regarding this report, please do not hesitate to contact Ben Edwards, Shannon Kelly or the undersigned.

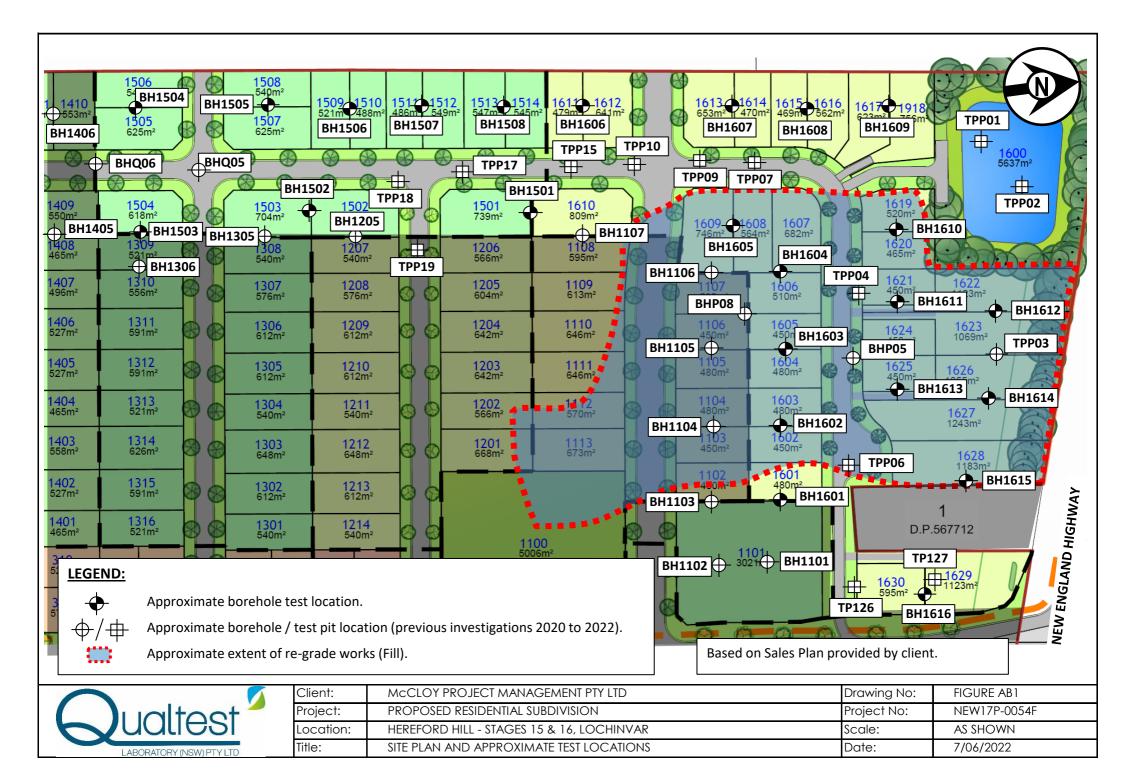
For and on behalf of Qualtest Laboratory (NSW) Pty Ltd.

Jason Lee

Principal Geotechnical Engineer

# FIGURE AB1:

Site Plan and Approximate Test Locations



# **APPENDIX A:**

**Results of Field Investigations** 



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1501

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

BE

**DATE:** 26/4/22

LOGGED BY:

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY MOISTURE CONDITION GRAPHIC LOG Structure and additional METHOD Test Type WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, CH brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets. RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown. ΗP 380 ΗP 280 0.50m Brown to red-brown, trace pale grey. U50 0.65m HP 220 Not Encountered AD/T CH VSt 06/06/2022 16:05 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool ΗP 250 Pale grey, with some orange to red-brown. HP 300 -CORED BOREHOLE - TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) Very Soft 50mm Diameter tube sample VS <25 D Dry Water CBR Bulk sample for CBR testing 25 - 50 S Soft Moist М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W, Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Ę Field Tests **Density** Very Loose Density Index <15% Gradational or PID Photoionisation detector reading (ppm) Loose Density Index 15 - 35% transitional strata DCP(x-y) Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) MD Medium Dense Density Index 35 - 65% Definitive or distict Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa) Density Index 65 - 85% strata change VD Very Dense Density Index 85 - 100%



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BH1502 **BOREHOLE NO:** 

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

DATE: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM:

TOPSOIL. Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, and the property of the prop					•	1								
TOPSOIL Sandy CLAY - mediation to high plasticity,  TOPSOIL Sandy CLAY - mediation, fined by plasticity, med brown, fined to high plasticity, med brown, fined brown, fined to high plasticity, med brown, fined brown, fine		Drill	ing and San	npling	_		1	Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
USD 0.50m USD 0.00m USD 0	METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES		DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL			MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	
Description of the policy of							СН	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high p	lasticity,					TOPSOIL
LEGEND: Water  Water  Water Level (Date and time shown)  Water fillow					- - - 0. <u>5</u>			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, red-brown fine to coarse grained sand, trace pockets	n, trace			HP	280	RESIDUAL SÕIL
With some fine to medium grained sub-rounded gravel.  1.5    1.5     2.00m		tered			-							HP	320	
LEGEND:	AD/T	Not Encount			1.0_		СН		nded	M > W <sub>P</sub>	VSt	HP	360	
Hole Terminated at 2.00 m					-			2.00m				HP	350	
Water     U <sub>50</sub> 50mm Diameter tube sample     VS     Very Soft     <25     D     Dry       ✓ Water Level (Date and time shown)     E Environmental sample (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site)     F Firm     50 - 100     W     Wet       ✓ Water Inflow     ASS     Acid Sulfate Soil Sample (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled)     VSt     Very Stiff     200 - 400     W <sub>L</sub> Liquid Limit					2.0	*/////	1	•						
	Wate	er Wat (Dat Wat	te and time sher Inflow		U <sub>50</sub> CBR E	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S	Diame ample f onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S	ter tube sample or CBR testing I sample aled and chilled on site) ioil Sample	VS V S S F F St S VSt V	/ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff		<2 25 50 10 20	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit
					В			<sub>F</sub> 5 <b>u</b> , o6 <b>u</b> )	1					

al cie i locab cog non-coned bonenoce - lest fill to- lemitale coa				
ij	LEG	END:		
	Wate	<u>er</u>		
5	$\blacksquare$	Wat	er Level	
j		(Dat	e and time s	howi
3	<b>—</b>	Wat	er Inflow	
إُ		Wat	er Outflow	
3	Stra	ta Cha	anges	
j		G	radational or	
5			ansitional stra	
-			efinitive or dis	stict
5		st	rata change	
3				

Notes, Sa	mples and Tests
U <sub>50</sub>	50mm Diameter tube sample
CBR	Bulk sample for CBR testing
E	Environmental sample
	(Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site)
ASS	Acid Sulfate Soil Sample
	(Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled)
В	Bulk Sample
Field Test	<u>s</u>
PID	Photoionisation detector reading (ppm)

Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa)

Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown)

DCP(x-y)

HP

VSt	Very Stiff	200 - 400	W <sub>L</sub> Liquid Limit
Н	Hard	>400	
Fb	Friable		
Densi	ty ∨	Very Loose	Density Index <15%
	L	Loose	Density Index 15 - 35%
	MD	Medium Dense	Density Index 35 - 65%
	D	Dense	Density Index 65 - 85%
	VD	Very Dense	Density Index 85 - 100%



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

LOCATION: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1503

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

VD

Very Dense

Density Index 85 - 100%

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

BE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY MOISTURE CONDITION GRAPHIC LOG Structure and additional METHOD Test Type WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, CH brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets. COLLUVIUM CLAY - medium to high plasticity, grey with some HP 220 СН VSt RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pale brown. ΗP 200 0.5 HP 180 0.60m СН U50 St -0.85m Not Encountered AD/T Sandy CLAY - medium plasticity, pale brown to pale grey-brown, trace pale orange, fine grained sand. 06/06/2022 16:06 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool CI ΗP 250 EXTREMELY WEATHERED Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil properties; breaks down into Gravelly Sandy CLAY - medium plasticity, pale brown to pale grey, fine to coarse ROCK grained sand, fine grained angular gravel. CI H/Fb > HIGHLY WEATHERED ANDESITE - brown to dark brown and dark grey, estimated low strength. ROCK <<DrawingFile>> D TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) 50mm Diameter tube sample Very Soft U۵ VS <25 D Dry Water CBR Bulk sample for CBR testing S 25 - 50 Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W. Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Field Tests **Density** Very Loose Density Index <15% Gradational or PID Photoionisation detector reading (ppm) Loose Density Index 15 - 35% transitional strata DCP(x-y) Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) MD Medium Dense Density Index 35 - 65% Definitive or distict HP Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa) D Density Index 65 - 85% strata change



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

LOCATION: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1504

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F LOGGED BY: BE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY MOISTURE CONDITION GRAPHIC LOG Test Type Structure and additional METHOD WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, CH brown to red-brown, fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine grained angular gravel, trace rootlets. RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, with grey-brown. ΗP 390 0.50m 0.5 HP 380 ×d U50 ^ ≥ 0.64m VSt HP 300 Not Encountered AD/T HP 320 06/06/2022 16:06 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool RESIDUAL SOIL / Sandy CLAY - medium plasticity, pale brown to pale EXTREMELY WEATHERED grey-brown, trace pale orange, fine grained sand. H/Fb CI Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil properties; breaks down into Clayey Sandy GRAVEL - fine to EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK <<DrawingFile>> medium grained angular, grey to brown with some orange, fine to coarse grained sand, fines of medium plasticity. D TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m Very slow progress LEGEND: Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) **Moisture Condition** 50mm Diameter tube sample Very Soft U۵ VS <25 D Dry Water CBR Bulk sample for CBR testing S 25 - 50 Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W, Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Ę Field Tests **Density** Very Loose Density Index <15% Gradational or PID Photoionisation detector reading (ppm) Loose Density Index 15 - 35% transitional strata DCP(x-y) Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) MD Medium Dense Density Index 35 - 65% Definitive or distict HP Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa) D Density Index 65 - 85% strata change

VD

Very Dense

Density Index 85 - 100%



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1505

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

NEW17P-0054F JOB NO:

ΒE

DATE: 26/4/22

	Drill	ing and Samp	pling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticil characteristics,colour,minor componer		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
		0.20m U50		-		CH	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high prown, fine grained sand, trace fine to medium to medium to medium to medium to medium to medium to high plasticity, brown.	olasticity, ium - — — — /	/ M ^ M	VSt	HP	320	TOPSOIL RESIDUAL SÕIL
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.35m		0. <u>5</u>		GC	Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil pr breaks down into Clayey Sandy GRAVEL medium grained angular, pale brown, fine grained sand, fines of low plasticity.	fine to	D - M	H/Fb	_	020	EXTREMELY WEATHERE ROCK
				- 1.0	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /		ANDESITE - brown to dark brown and darl estimated high strength, slightly fractured.	 c grey,	D		-		HIGHLY TO MODERATEL WEATHERED ROCK
				- -			Hole Terminated at 1.00 m Refusal						
				- 1. <u>5</u> -									
				-									
				2. <u>0</u> -									
				-				,					
Wat	Wat (Dat - Wat	er Level e and time sho er Inflow er Outflow	own)	Notes, Sar U <sub>50</sub> CBR E	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S	Diame ample f nmenta jar, sea sulfate S	ter tube sample or CBR testing il sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample	S S F I St S VSt V	Very Soft Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit
Stra	nta Cha G tra		a	B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	Bulk S ss Photoi Dynan	ample onisationic pene	air expelled, chilled) on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) meter test (UCS kPa)	1	Hard Friable V L MD	Lo M	ery Lo		Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION**: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1506

**PAGE:** 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

	Drill	ing and Samp	oling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
		0.35m U50 0.60m		0.5_		CH	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high power, fine grained sand, trace fine to med grained angular gravel, root affected.  CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.	ium	M > W <sub>P</sub>	VSt	HP	280	TOPSOIL RESIDUAL SOIL
AD/T	Not Encountered			- 1. <u>0</u> -		GC	Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil programs down into Clayey Sandy GRAVEL medium grained angular, pale brown, fine to grained sand, fines of low plasticity, trace pCLAY.	fine to o coarse	D - M	D			EXTREMELY TO HIGHLY WEATHERED ROCK
				1.5_ - - - 2.0			2.00m  Hole Terminated at 2.00 m Slow progress						
LEG	END:			- - Notes, Sar				Consiste				CS (kPa	
	Wat (Dat Wat Wat	er Level ee and time sho er Inflow er Outflow anges radational or	own)	U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Test	Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S	ample f nmenta jar, se ulfate S c bag, a ample	ter tube sample or CBR testing I sample alled and chilled on site) ioil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt \	/ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard Friable V	V	25 50 10 20 >2	25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	W <sub>L</sub> Liquid Limit  Density Index <15%
	_ De	ansitional strata efinitive or disti rata change		PID DCP(x-y) HP	Dynan	nic pen	n detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) meter test (UCS kPa)		L ME D VD	) M D	oose lediun ense	n Dense	Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

Field Tests

Photoionisation detector reading (ppm)

Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa)

Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown)

PID

DCP(x-y)

Gradational or

strata change

transitional strata

Definitive or distict

BOREHOLE NO: BH1507

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

BE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY MOISTURE CONDITION GRAPHIC LOG Structure and additional METHOD Test Type WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, CH brown, fine grained sand, trace fine to medium grained angular gravel, root affected. RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown. ΗP 280 Σ СН VSt 0.50m 0.5 U50 HP 320 0.65m Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, pale grey with some brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fine grained angular gravel. Not Encountered AD/T 06/06/2022 16:06 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool VSt / CL TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) Very Soft 50mm Diameter tube sample VS <25 D Dry Water Bulk sample for CBR testing 25 - 50 CBR S Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W, Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Ę

**Density** 

Very Loose

Very Dense

Medium Dense

Loose

MD

VD

Density Index <15%

Density Index 15 - 35%

Density Index 35 - 65%

Density Index 65 - 85%

Density Index 85 - 100%



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD CLIENT:

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

**BOREHOLE NO:** BH1508

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

DATE: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM:

L	BOREHOLE DIAMETER.					300 11		DATO	JIVI.					
		Drill	ing and Sam	npling				Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test	
	МЕТНОD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle s	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
Ī							СН	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high porown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets.	lasticity,					TOPSOIL
					-			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.		_				RESIDUAL SOIL
			0.20m		-		CI			× ×	VSt	μп	250	
			U50 0.33m		-		СН				VSI	ПР	350	
					-			0.40m						
< <drawingfile>&gt; 06/06/2022 16:06 10.02.00.04 Datget Lab and In Situ Tool</drawingfile>	AD/T	Not Encountered			0. <u>5</u>		CL	Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plas brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fine gra angular gravel.	ticity, nined	M < Wp	H/Fb			
10.02.00					1. <u>5</u>	////// × · · × · ·		1.50m ANDESITE - brown to dark brown and dark						HIGHLY TO MODERATELY
2 16:06						× · · · ×	:	estimated high strength, slightly fractured.  Hole Terminated at 1.60 m		D				WEATHERED ROCK
RED BOREHOLE - TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ	Wate	Wat (Dat Wat	er Level te and time sh er Inflow er Outflow	nown)	2.0 2.0 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plast	n Diame sample f onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, a	Refusal	S S F F St S VSt V H F	ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff ery Stiff		25 50 10 20	CS (kPz <sup>2</sup> 25 5 - 50 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit
Log N	Stra		anges		B Field Test		Sample		Fb F	riable V	V	ery Lo	oose	Density Index <15%
œ		G	radational or	1	. IUIU 165	<del></del>			- Donibity	٧.		J. y ∟(		Donoity index >1070

I LIB 1.1.GLB Log NON-CORED BOREHOLE - TEST PIT				
LE-T	LEG	END:		
ЕНО	Wate	<u>er</u>		
BOR	$\blacksquare$	Wat	er Level	
ÆΕ		(Dat	e and time s	hown
COF	<b>—</b>	Wat	er Inflow	
Ż	-	Wat	er Outflow	
og 1	Stra	ta Cha	anges	
B.		G	radational or	
19.		tra	ansitional stra	ata
		_ D	efinitive or dis	stict
LE		st	rata change	

Notes, Sa	mples and Tests
U <sub>50</sub>	50mm Diameter tube sample
CBR	Bulk sample for CBR testing
E	Environmental sample
	(Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site)
ASS	Acid Sulfate Soil Sample
	(Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled)
В	Bulk Sample
Field Test	<u>s</u>

Field Tests	<u>s</u>
PID	Photoionisation detector reading (ppm)
DCP(x-y)	Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown
HP	Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa)

S	Soft	25 - 50	M	Moist
F	Firm	50 - 100	W	Wet
St	Stiff	100 - 200	$W_p$	Plastic Limit
VSt	Very Stiff	200 - 400	$W_L$	Liquid Limit
Н	Hard	>400		
Fb	Friable			
Density	<u>′</u> ∨	Very Loose	Densit	y Index <15%
	L	Loose	Densit	y Index 15 - 35%
	MD	Medium Dense	Densit	v Index 35 - 65%

Density Index 65 - 85%

Density Index 85 - 100%

D

VD

Dense

Very Dense



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1601

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

VD

Very Dense

Density Index 85 - 100%

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

BE

**DATE:** 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY MOISTURE CONDITION GRAPHIC LOG Test Type Structure and additional METHOD WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets. СН Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, dark grey-brown, fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine to COLLUVIUM СН medium grained angular gravel. ΗP 380 RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown. HP 300 0.50m 0.5 U50 CH 0.70m VSt Encountered HP 350 AD/T ğ CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pale grey to pale brown, with Gravelly SAND pockets. 06/06/2022 16:06 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool CH ΗP 220 Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, pale grey, with some brown, fine to coarse grained sand. CL H / Fb Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil properties; breaks down into Gravelly Sandy CLAY - medium EXTREMELY WEATHERED CI ROCK plasticity, pale brown to pale grey, fine to coarse grained sand, fine grained angular gravel. Hole Terminated at 1.80 m Very slow progress 2.0 TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) 50mm Diameter tube sample Very Soft U۵ VS <25 D Dry Water Bulk sample for CBR testing CBR S 25 - 50 Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W. Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Field Tests **Density** Very Loose Density Index <15% Gradational or PID Photoionisation detector reading (ppm) Loose Density Index 15 - 35% transitional strata DCP(x-y) Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) MD Medium Dense Density Index 35 - 65% Definitive or distict HP Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa) D Density Index 65 - 85% strata change



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

LOCATION: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1602

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

BE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY GRAPHIC LOG Structure and additional METHOD Test Type WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets. CH RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, trace fine to coarse grained sand, trace fine grained angular 220 ΗP gravel. ×d 0.50m 0.5 CH VSt | HP 240 U50 0.70m Not Encountered ΗP 240 1.00m AD/T Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, pale grey with some brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fine grained angular gravel. U50 06/06/2022 16:06 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool 1.15m CL Fb/H > <<DrawingFile>> TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) Very Soft 50mm Diameter tube sample U۵ VS <25 D Dry Water Bulk sample for CBR testing 25 - 50 CBR S Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W, Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Ę Field Tests **Density** Very Loose Density Index <15% Gradational or PID Photoionisation detector reading (ppm) Loose Density Index 15 - 35% transitional strata DCP(x-y) Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) MD Medium Dense Density Index 35 - 65% Definitive or distict HP Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa) Density Index 65 - 85% strata change VD Very Dense Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION**: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1603

**PAGE:** 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

ВО		OLE DIAMET			300 m	m	DATU	JM:					
	Drill	ling and Sampli	ng				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
МЕТНОD	WATER		RL I	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
				_		СН	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain trace fine grained angular gravel, root affect	ed sand,					FILL - TOPSOIL
		0.40m		-			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, bro some grey-brown trace orange, trace fine of sand, trace fine to medium grained angular	grained			HP	250	FILL - CONTROLLED
		U50 0.52m		0. <u>5</u>							HP	260	
AD/T	Not Encountered	1.00m		1.0		СН			M × W <sub>P</sub>	VSt	HP	220	
	_	U50 1.20m					1.40m		_				RESIDUAL SOIL
				1. <u>5</u> -		СН	1.70m				HP	330	
				-		CL	Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plas grey with some brown, fine to coarse grain fine grained angular gravel.	ticity, pale ed sand,	M < Wp	H/Fb			
				2.0	<u> </u>		Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
Wat	Wat (Dat - Wat	ter Level te and time show ter Inflow ter Outflow anges	n) As	otes, Sai U <sub>50</sub> BR E SS	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti	Diame ample f nmenta jar, sea ulfate S	ser tube sample or CBR testing I sample alled and chilled on site) oil Sample iir expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V H F	ncy /ery Soft Soft Sirm Stiff /ery Stiff lard		25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit
	G tra D	radational or ansitional strata efinitive or distict rata change	Fi D	ield Test PID CP(x-y) HP	<u>s</u> Photoi Dynan	onisatio	n detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) meter test (UCS kPa)	Density	V L MD D VD	Lo N D	ery Lo oose lediun ense ery De	n Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION**: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1604

**PAGE:** 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

	Drill	ing and Sampl	ing			Material description and profile information			_	Fiel	d Test	
METHOD	WATER		RL DEPTI	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticil characteristics,colour,minor componer	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.40m U50 0.60m  1.00m U50 1.15m	1.4		CH	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain trace fine grained angular gravel, root affer FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brosome grey-brown trace orange, trace fine sand, trace fine to medium grained angula sand, trace fine to medium grained angula CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, trorange.	ed sand, ted/ wn with grained grayel.	M > W <sub>P</sub>	VSt	HP HP	360 380 350	FILL - TOPSOIL  FILL - CONTROLLED TO THE STORY OF T
Wat	Wat (Dal Wat I Wat ta Cha	er Level te and time show er Inflow er Outflow anges radational or ansitional strata	U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Te	Bulk s Enviro (Glas Acid s (Plass Bulk s sts	n Diame sample to nmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, Sample	ts  ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample saled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)  on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)	S S F F St S VSt \	Incy Very Soft Soft Stiff Very Stiff Hard Triable V L M	· V	25 50 10 20 20 24 ery Lo	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400 pose	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit U <sub>L</sub> Liquid Limit  Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION**: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1605

**PAGE:** 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

во	REH	OLE DIAM	IETEF	₹:	300 m	m	DATL	IM:					
	Drill	ling and San	npling			ı	Material description and profile information		ı		Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity characteristics, colour, minor component		MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.40m U50 0.57m 1.00m U50 1.18m		1.0 <u></u>		CH CH	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to 1 plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain trace fine grained angular gravel, root affect FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, bro some grey-brown, trace orange, trace fine grained sand, trace fine to medium grained gravel.  FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, bro some fine to medium grained angular grave fine to coarse grained sand.  FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, bro some fine to medium grained angular grave fine to coarse grained sand.  CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.  CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.  Gravelly Sandy CLAY - medium plasticity, prown grained angular gravel.  Hole Terminated at 2.00 m	ed sand, ted / wn with o coarse angular wn, with el, trace	$M \sim W_P$	VSt H/Fb	HP	350 250 360	FILL - TOPSOIL  FILL - CONTROLLED
<u>Wat</u>	Wat (Dai - Wat I Wat ata Cha G tra	ter Level te and time shader Inflow anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change	nta	Notes, Sa U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Tes PID DCP(x-y) HP	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S ts Photoi	Diame ample onments jar, se sulfate c bag, cample ionisati nic pen	ter tube sample for CBR testing all sample alled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)  on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)	S So F Fi St St VSt Vo H H	icy Pry Soft If	V L(	25 50 10 20 20 20 ery Lo	n Dense	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit W <sub>L</sub> Liquid Limit  Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION**: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1606

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

DATE: 26/4/22

		YPE: OLE DIAM			EXCA 300 m		R WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFA DATUM						
		ing and San		\	300 111		Material description and profile information	1.			Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/p characteristics,colour,minor components	oarticle	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
TO THE TITSED LOG TOWNSHOOTE - TEST PIT OF TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET, SPO. SQUARDEZ 1000 1002/00.04 Datget lad and mistal 1001  ADJ.  ADJ.	Not Encountered	0.50m U50 0.63m		- 0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0		CH	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plast brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets.  CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.  Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plastic brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fine grain angular gravel.  Hole Terminated at 2.00 m	ity, pale	$M \sim w_P$ $M > w_P$	VSt/ Fb	면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면 면	320	TOPSOIL  RESIDUAL SÕIL
LEG Wat	Wat (Da - Wat ¶ Wat ata Cha G tra	er Level te and time sher Inflow er Outflow anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change	ıta	Notes, Sal U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S S Photo Dynar	Diame ample f onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, a Sample ionisationic pen	ter tube sample or CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S S F F St S VSt V H F	/ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard Friable V L MD D VD	V Lo M D	25 50 10 20 >4 ery Lo	6 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 100 nose	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit W Liquid Limit  Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1607

**PAGE:** 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

VD

Very Dense

Density Index 85 - 100%

**JOB NO:** NEW17P-0054F

BE

**DATE:** 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY GRAPHIC LOG Structure and additional METHOD Test Type WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, CH brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets. RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown. ΗP 300 0.50m ΗP 320 СН VSt U50 0.<u>66</u>m Not Encountered ΗP 320 AD/T Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low to medium plasticity, pale grey with some brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fine grained angular gravel. 06/06/2022 16:06 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool CL H/Fb ≥ TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) Very Soft 50mm Diameter tube sample VS <25 D Dry Water Bulk sample for CBR testing 25 - 50 CBR S Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W, Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400 В Bulk Sample Fb Friable Strata Changes Ę Field Tests **Density** Very Loose Density Index <15% Gradational or PID Photoionisation detector reading (ppm) Loose Density Index 15 - 35% transitional strata DCP(x-y) Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown) MD Medium Dense Density Index 35 - 65% Definitive or distict Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa) Density Index 65 - 85% strata change



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

**BOREHOLE NO: BH1608** 

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F LOGGED BY: ΒE

								DATE:			26/4/22		
		YPE: OLE DIAN			EXCA 300 m		R WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFAC DATUM:	E RL:					
	Dril	ling and San	npling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/par characteristics,colour,minor components	rticle	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
						СН	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasti	icity,					TOPSOIL
		0.40m		-		CH	D.10m brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets.  CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.		M > W <sub>P</sub>	VSt	HP	230	RESIDUAL SOIL
		U50 0.60m		0. <u>5</u>			0.60m				HP	240	
	ered			-		CL	Gravelly Sandy CLAY - low plasticity, pale brow fine to coarse grained sand, fine grained angula gravel.	/n, ar	$M \sim w_P$	VSt / Fb			
AD/T	Not Encountered			1.0 <u></u>		GC	Clayey Sandy GRAVEL - fine to medium graine angular, grey to brown with some orange, fine to coarse grained sand, fines of low plasticity.	ange, fine to	D-M [	D			RESIDUAL SOIL 7 EXTREMELY WEATHER ROCK
				2.0			2.00m						
LEC	SEND:			Notes, Sa	mples a	and Tests	Hole Terminated at 2.00 m	onsisten	су		UC	CS (kPa	a) Moisture Condition
Water  Water Level (Date and time shown)  Water Inflow  Water Outflow  Strata Changes			hown)	U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Tes	50mn Bulk s Enviro (Glas Acid s (Plasi Bulk s	n Diamet sample fo onmental s jar, sea Sulfate S	er tube sample  or CBR testing  sample  led and chilled on site)  oil Sample  vs rexpelled, chilled)  or CBR testing  sample  led and chilled on site)  specification of the sample  vs rexpelled, chilled)	VS Ve S So F Fii St St St Ve H Ha	ery Soft oft m	V	25 50 10	5 - 50 - 100 0 - 200 0 - 400	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit
Gradational or transitional strata Definitive or distict strata change				PID Photoionisation DCP(x-y) Dynamic pener		mic pene	n detector reading (ppm) trometer test (test depth interval shown) meter test (UCS kPa)		L MD D VD		Loose  Medium Dense  Dense  Very Dense		Density Index 15 - 35%

VD

Very Dense

Density Index 85 - 100%



В

Field Tests

PID

HP

DCP(x-y)

Strata Changes

Gradational or

strata change

transitional strata

Definitive or distict

Bulk Sample

Photoionisation detector reading (ppm)

Hand Penetrometer test (UCS kPa)

Dynamic penetrometer test (test depth interval shown)

#### **ENGINEERING LOG - BOREHOLE**

**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1609

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F LOGGED BY: BE

**DATE**: 26/4/22

**DRILL TYPE:** 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL: **BOREHOLE DIAMETER:** 300 mm DATUM: Field Test Drilling and Sampling Material description and profile information CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL CONSISTENCY DENSITY GRAPHIC LOG Structure and additional METHOD Test Type WATER Result DEPTH MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle observations SAMPLES (m) (m) characteristics, colour, minor components TOPSOIL TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, CH brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets. COLLUVIUM CLAY - medium to high plasticity, dark grey with HP 190 some brown. СН St ΗP 140 RESIDUAL SOIL CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown. ΗP 200 0.5 M > W 0.60m U50 0.75m СН HP 220 Not Encountered AD/T 06/06/2022 16:08 10:02:00:04 Datgel Lab and In Situ Tool RESIDUAL SOIL / Clayey Gravelly SAND / Clayey Sandy GRAVEL -fine to coarse grained, pale brown, fine grained angular gravel, fines of low plasticity. EXTREMELY WEATHERED SC D - M D TEST PIT 00- TEMPLATE LOGS SHEET.GPJ Hole Terminated at 2.00 m LEGEND: Moisture Condition Notes, Samples and Tests Consistency UCS (kPa) Very Soft 50mm Diameter tube sample U۵ VS <25 D Dry Water Bulk sample for CBR testing 25 - 50 CBR S Moist Soft М Water Level Ε Environmental sample F Firm 50 - 100 W Wet (Date and time shown) (Glass jar, sealed and chilled on site) St Stiff 100 - 200 W, Plastic Limit Water Inflow ASS Acid Sulfate Soil Sample VSt Very Stiff 200 - 400  $W_L$ Liquid Limit ■ Water Outflow (Plastic bag, air expelled, chilled) Н Hard >400

Fb

**Density** 

Friable

MD

D

VD

Very Loose

Very Dense

Medium Dense

Loose

Density Index <15%

Density Index 15 - 35%

Density Index 35 - 65%

Density Index 65 - 85%

Density Index 85 - 100%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1610

**PAGE:** 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

**DATE**: 27/4/22

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

	Drill	ing and Samp	ling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL DI	EPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plastici characteristics,colour,minor componer	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.50m U50 0.63m 1.00m U50 1.20m		0.5		СН	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain trace fine grained angular gravel, root affer FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brosome grey-brown trace orange, trace fine grained sand, trace fine to medium grained gravel.	ed sand, cted / wn with o coarse	M > W <sub>P</sub>	St	HP HP		FILL - TOPSOIL  FILL - CONTROLLED
				2.0			2.00m Hole Terminated at 2.00 m			VSt	HP	250	
<u>Wat</u>	Wat (Dat Wat Wat ta Cha	er Level te and time sho er Inflow er Outflow anges radational or ansitional strata	V <sub>5</sub> CBF E ASS B Fiel	₹	50mm Bulk sa Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plastic Bulk S	Diame ample f nmenta jar, sea ulfate S c bag, a ample onisatio	ter tube sample or CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled) on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)	S S F F St S VSt V	ncy /ery Soft Soft Firm Stiff /ery Stiff Hard Friable V L	· V	25 50 10 20 20 20 ery Lo	CS (kPa) 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400 pose	Moisture Condition D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit W <sub>L</sub> Liquid Limit  Density Index <15% Density Index 35 - 65%



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1611

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

DATE: 27/4/22

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

	REH	OLE DIAM	ETER	:	300 m	DATUM:							
	Dril	ling and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
МЕТНОБ	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity characteristics,colour,minor component		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
The Lines by Nor-concerned branching in the Figure 1 and 1 a	Not Encountered	0.50m U50 0.75m  1.00m U50 1.15m		1.6 		CH CH	FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, greybrown, fine to medium graine trace fine grained angular gravel, root affect FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, browsome grey-brown trace orange, trace fine grained angular grained angular sand, trace fine to medium grained angular fill fill fill fill fill fill fill fil	ed sand, led/wn with rained gravel.	M > Wp	St VSt	H H H H H H		FILL - CONTROLLED
LEG War Stra	. Wat (Da - Wat ■ Wat ata Ch: G tr:	ter Level te and time sh ter Inflow ter Outflow ter Outflow anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change	nown)	Notes, Sa U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Test PID DCP(x-y)	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S s Photo Dynar	Diame ample for menta sign, se Sulfate Sic bag, a sample donisationic pending properties.	ser tube sample or CBR testing I sample alled and chilled on site) soil Sample sir expelled, chilled) on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) meter test (UCS kPa)	S S F F St S VSt V H H	ncy ery Soft oft tiff ery Stiff ard riable  V L MC D VD	V L	25 50 10 20 20 20 ery Lo	n Dense	Moisture Condition D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit W Liquid Limit  Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 85 - 100%



**CLIENT:** MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1612

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

**DATE**: 27/4/22

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

во	REH	OLE DIAM	IETER	:	300 m	m	DATE	JM:									
	Drill	ing and San	npling	_			Material description and profile information				Fiel	d Test					
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations				
				_		СН	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain trace fine grained angular gravel, root affec	ed sand,					FILL - TOPSOIL				
		0.40m U50 0.55m		0.5	0.5	- 0. <u>5</u>	- - 0. <u>5</u>	0.5			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, bro grey to dark brown, trace fine to coarse gra sand, trace fine to medium grained angular	 wn with ained		St	HP HP	180 180 210	FILL - CONTROLLED
AD/T	Not Encountered			- - 1. <u>0</u>		СН			M > W <sub>P</sub>		HP	250					
	۷	Ž U50 1.15m		- - 1. <u>5</u>						VSt	HP	250					
				-			1.80m	 some			HP	200	COLLUVIUM/POSSIBLE				
				2.0		СН	brown.  2.00m  Hole Terminated at 2.00 m	Some		St	HP	180	FILL-CONTROLLED				
Wat	Wat (Dat Wat Wat ta Cha	radational or		Notes, Sa U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Test	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plasti Bulk S	Diame ample in nmenta jar, se sulfate s c bag, ample	ts ter tube sample for CBR testing al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample air expelled, chilled)	S So F Fi St St VSt Vo H H	ncy Soft oft rm tiff ery Stiff ard riable V L	V	25 50 10 20	CS (kPa 25 5 - 50 0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400 400 pose	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit				
_	_ D	ansitional stra efinitive or dis rata change		PID DCP(x-y) HP	Dynan	nic pen	on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown) ometer test (UCS kPa)		L ME D VD	) N D		n Dense ense	-				



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

**PROJECT:** HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1613

PAGE: 1 OF 1

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

DATE: 27/4/22

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

ВС	REH	OLE DIAM	ETER		300 m	DATL	IM:						
	Dril	ling and Sam	npling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen		MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
AD/T	Not Encountered	0.50m 0.50m 0.65m 1.00m 1.00m 1.15m				СН	plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain- trace fine grained angular gravel, root affecting FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brosome grey-brown trace orange, trace fine grey-brown trace orange.	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grained sand, trace fine grained angular gravel, root affected/ FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown with some grey-brown trace orange, trace fine grained sand, trace fine to medium grained angular gravel.		St	HP	180	FILL - TOPSOIL  FILL - CONTROLLED
ובר: בחס אינון וופר שטוטענענג ועעס וטיגנעטער הפקפינים ביי יוי כי				1.5_ - - - - 2.0		GC	Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil property breaks down into Clayey Sandy GRAVEL - medium grained angular, grey to brown with orange, fine to coarse grained sand, fines or plasticity.  2.00m  Hole Terminated at 2.00 m Very slow progress	fine to		VSt/ Fb	HP	180	EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK
Wat	. Wat (Da - Wat • Wat • Mata Cha • G • Tra	ter Level te and time sh ter Inflow ter Outflow	nown) ita	Notes, Sa U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Test PID DCP(x-y)	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plast Bulk S	n Diame sample to ponmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, s Sample ionisationic pen		S S F F St S VSt V H H	ncy Very Soft oft irm lard riable V L ME D	V L(	25 50 10 20 20 20 ery Lo	n Dense	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit W Liquid Limit  Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%



MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION: LOCHINVAR** 

BOREHOLE NO: BH1614

PAGE: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F LOGGED BY:

ΒE

DATE: 27/4/22

DRILL TYPE: 2.7 TONNE EXCAVATOR WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL:

	Drill	ing and Sam	pling				Material description and profile information				Field	d Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticit characteristics,colour,minor componen	y/particle ts	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additiona observations
				_		СН	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to l plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grain trace fine grained angular gravel, root affect	ed sand,	M < W <sub>P</sub>				FILL - TOPSOIL
				_			FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, bro some grey-brown trace orange, trace fine c sand, trace fine to medium grained angular	grained			HP	200	FILL - CONTROLLED / POSSIBLE RESIDUAL SO
		0.70m U50 0.95m	U50 0.95m	0.5_		СН					HP	250	
	Not Encountered									HP	260		
AD/T	Not Enc			1. <u>0</u>			CLAY - medium to high plasticity, pale brov	vn.	M > W <sub>P</sub>	VSt	HP		RESIDUAL SOIL
				1. <u>5</u> 2.0		CH					HP	260	
				2.0	//////		Hole Terminated at 2.00 m						
				-									
	END:		<u> </u>	Notes, Sai			l <u>ts</u> ter tube sample	Consiste	ency Very Soft			 <b>CS (kPa</b> 25	
Wate		er Level		U <sub>50</sub> CBR	Bulk s	ample t	for CBR testing	s s	Soft		25	5 - 50	M Moist
<del>=</del> ►	(Date and time shown)				(Glass	jar, se	al sample aled and chilled on site) Soil Sample	St :	Firm Stiff Very Stiff		10	0 - 100 00 - 200 00 - 400	W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit W <sub>I</sub> Liquid Limit
<b>-</b>	■ Water Outflow  rata Changes B					c bag,	air expelled, chilled)	Н	Hard Friable			400	
otra	G	radational or		Field Test	<u>s</u>	·	on detector reading ()	Density	V		ery Lo	oose	Density Index <15%
		ansitional strata		PID DCP(x-y)			on detector reading (ppm) etrometer test (test depth interval shown)		L ME		oose lediun	n Dense	Density Index 15 - 35% Density Index 35 - 65%
		rata change		HP	Hand I	Penetro	ometer test (UCS kPa)	1	D	D	ense		Density Index 65 - 85%



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

LOCATION: LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: BH1615

**PAGE**: 1 OF 1

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F LOGGED BY: BE

**DATE**: 27/4/22

								DA	ATE:		27/4/22	
1		YPE: OLE DIAN			EXCA 300 m		R WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL DATUM:	:				
	Dril	ing and San	npling				Material description and profile information			Field Test		
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle characteristics,colour,minor components	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type Result	Structure and additional observations	
						СН	FILL-TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high				FILL - TOPSOIL	
				-		СН	o_10m plasticity, grey-brown, fine to medium grained sand, trace fine grained angular gravel, root affected.  FILL: CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown with some grey-brown trace orange, trace fine grained sand, trace fine to medium grained angular gravel.	/		HP 100	FILL - CONTROLLED	
							CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.				RESIDUAL SOIL	
						0. <u>5</u>				M × W <sub>P</sub>	St	HP 150
		0.70m		-		СН			Si	HP 180		
	intered	U50 0.90m		-						HP 140		
LEC Wat	Not Encountered			1. <u>0</u> - - - 1.5_		SP	Extremely Weathered Andesite with soil properties; breaks down into Gravelly SAND - fine to coarse grained, pale grey and pale brown, fine to medium grained angular gravel, with some fines of low to medium plasticity.	D - M	l D		EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK	
				- - - 2.0			2.00m					
				-			Hole Terminated at 2.00 m Slow progress					
LEG	SEND:			Notes, Sa	_					UCS (kP		
Wat	Water  ✓ Water Level (Date and time shown)  ✓ Water Inflow  ✓ Water Outflow		hown)	U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS	Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid S (Plast	ample f onmenta s jar, se Sulfate S	or CBR testing S il sample F aled and chilled on site) St Soil Sample VSt air expelled, chilled) H	Very Soft Soft Firm Stiff Very Stiff Hard Friable		<25 25 - 50 50 - 100 100 - 200 200 - 400 >400	P	
<u> </u>	Strata Changes  Gradational or transitional strata  Definitive or distict strata change			Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	<u>ts</u> Photo Dynar	ionisatio	Density  Density  Density  Density  Density		D M	ery Loose oose ledium Dens ense ery Dense	Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35% e Density Index 35 - 65% Density Index 65 - 85% Density Index 85 - 100%	



CLIENT: MCCLOY PROJECT MANAGEMENT PTY LTD

PROJECT: HEREFORD HILL - STAGES 15 & 16

**LOCATION:** LOCHINVAR

BOREHOLE NO: **BH1616** 

1 OF 1 PAGE:

LOGGED BY:

JOB NO: NEW17P-0054F

ΒE

								DA	TE:			27/4/22
		TYPE: OLE DIAM			EXCA 300 m		R WITH AUGER ATTACHMENT SURFACE RL DATUM:	•				
	Dril	ling and San	npling		Material description and profile information					Field	Test	
METHOD	WATER	SAMPLES	RL (m)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	CLASSIFICATION SYMBOL	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION: Soil type, plasticity/particle characteristics,colour,minor components	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	Test Type	Result	Structure and additional observations
						СН	TOPSOIL: Sandy CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown, fine grained sand, trace rootlets.					TOPSOIL
and it star four AD/T	Not Encountered	0.50m U50 0.70m 1.00m U50 1.20m		- 0.5 1.0 		СН	CLAY - medium to high plasticity, brown.	M > W <sub>P</sub>	St	HP	180 160	RESIDUAL SÕIL
בייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי				1.5_ - - - 2.0		GC	Clayey Sandy GRAVEL - fine to medium grained angular, pale grey and pale brown, fine to coarse grained sand, fines of low plasticity.  2.00m  Hole Terminated at 2.00 m	D - M	D			EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK
Wat Wat	Wai (Da - Wai ¶ Wai ata Ch G tr: D	ter Level te and time si ter Inflow ter Outflow anges radational or ansitional stra efinitive or dis rrata change	nown) ita	Notes, Sa U <sub>50</sub> CBR E ASS B Field Test PID DCP(x-y) HP	50mm Bulk s Enviro (Glass Acid s (Plast Bulk s ss Photo Dynar	n Diame sample f ponmenta s jar, se Sulfate S ic bag, a Sample ionisationic pen-	ter tube sample  or CBR testing  Il sample  aled and chilled on site)  Soil Sample  VSt  VSt  visit sample  VSt  H	ency Very Soft Soft Stiff Very Stiff Hard Friable V L MI D	f V L D M	<25 25 - 50 - 100	- 50 - 100 ) - 200 ) - 400 ) ose Dense	D Dry M Moist W Wet W <sub>p</sub> Plastic Limit Liquid Limit Density Index <15% Density Index 15 - 35%

# **APPENDIX B:**

**Results of Laboratory Testing** 



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S01 Issue No: 1

BLD REC ACCREDITATION

Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S01

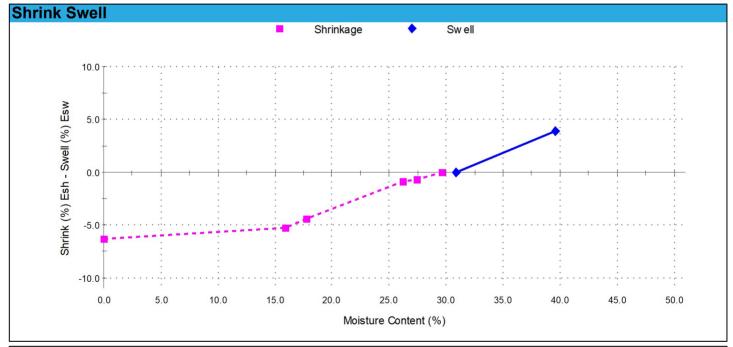
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1501 - (0.50 - 0.65m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 3.8 6.3 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 29.7 30.9 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 39.6 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 310 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.6



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S02

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S02

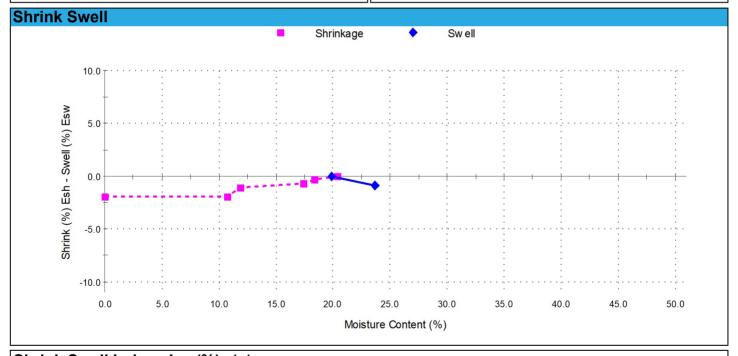
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1502 - (0.50 - 0.64m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.8 1.9 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 20.4 19.8 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 23.6 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 470 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Major



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.1



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S03

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S03

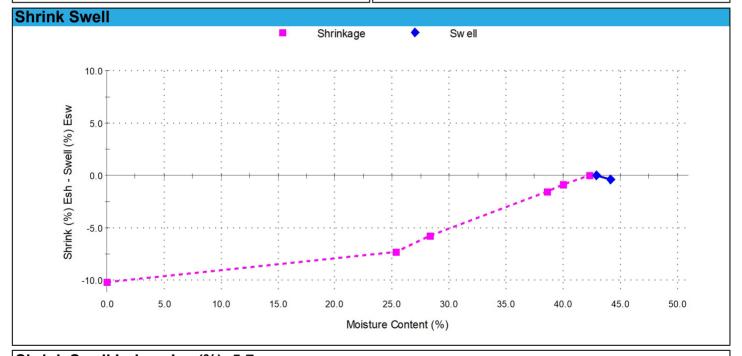
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1503 - (0.60 - 0.85m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.4 10.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 42.3 42.9 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 44.2 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 90 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 5.7



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S04

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S04

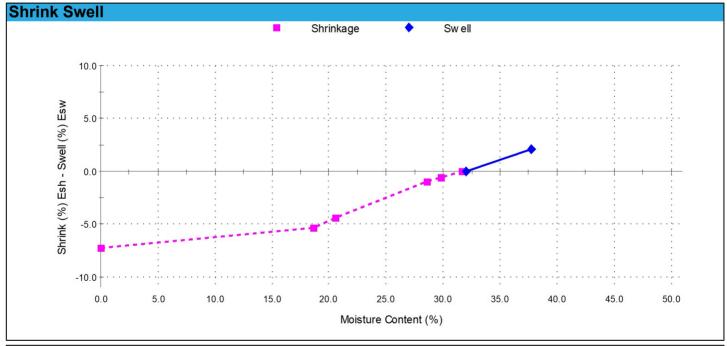
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1504 - (0.50 - 0.64m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 2.1 7.3 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 31.7 32.0 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 37.8 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 290 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.6



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S05

Issue No: 1



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Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S05

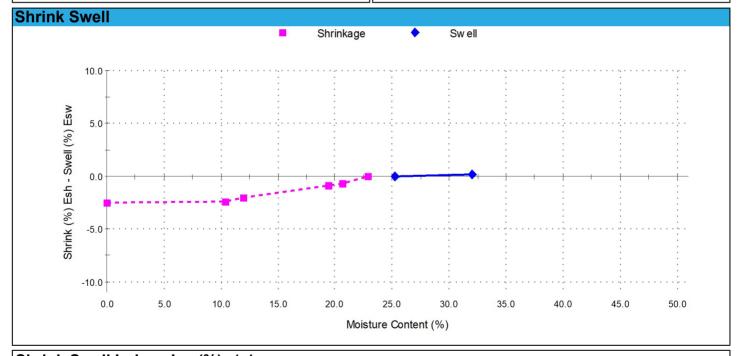
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1505 - (0.20 - 0.35m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.1 2.5 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 22.9 25.3 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 32.0 5% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 280 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Major



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 1.4



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S06

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S06

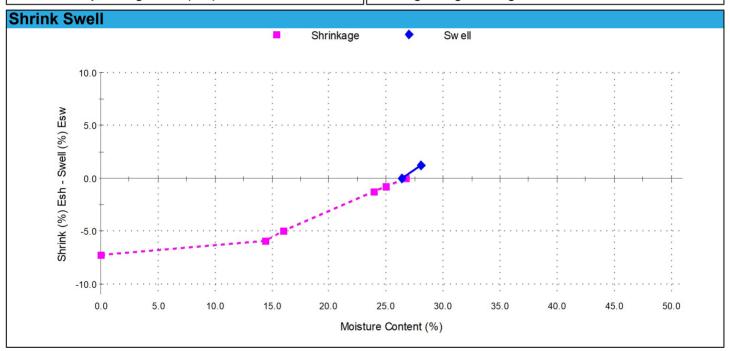
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1506 - (0.35 - 0.60m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 1.2 7.3 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 26.7 26.4 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 28.1 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 480 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.4



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S07 Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S07

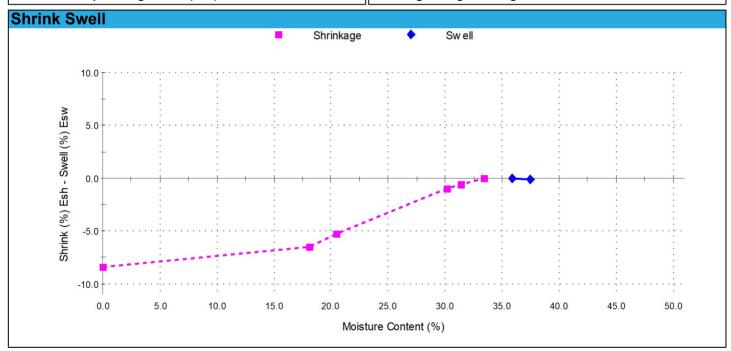
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1507 - (0.50 - 0.65m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.1 8.4 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 33.4 35.8 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 37.5 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 150 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.7



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S08

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S08

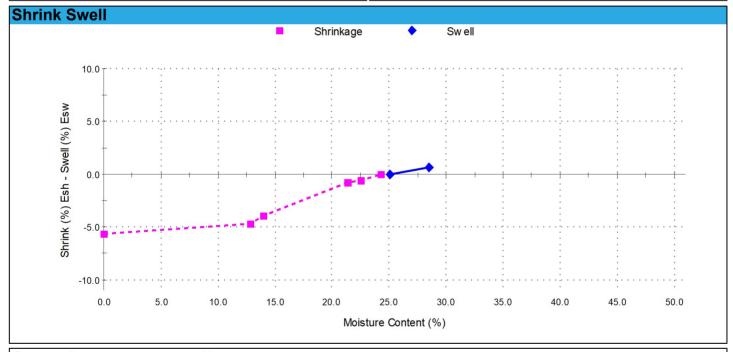
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1508 - (0.20 - 0.33m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.6 5.7 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 24.3 25.0 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 28.5 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 480 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.4



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S09

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S09

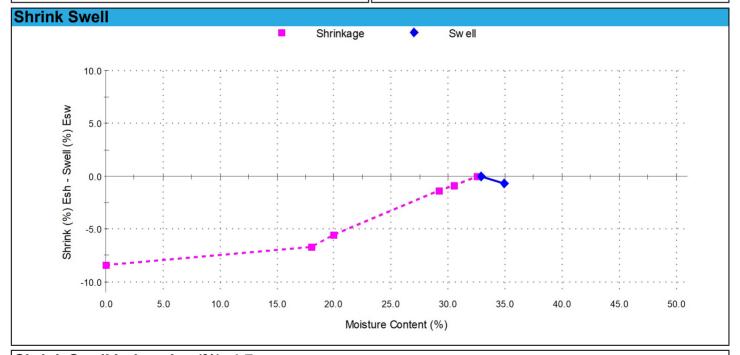
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1601 - (0.50 - 0.70m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.7 8.4 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 32.5 32.9 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 34.9 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 250 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.7



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S10

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S10

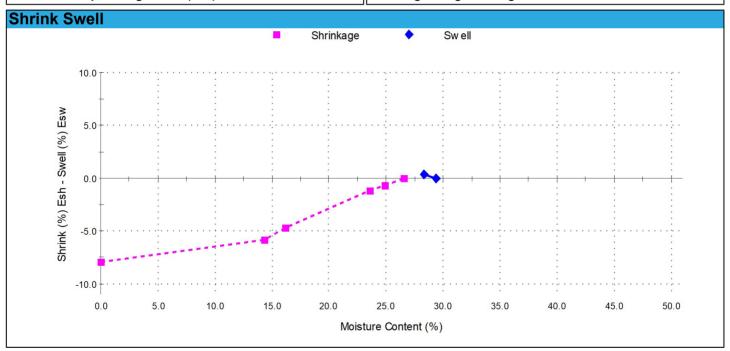
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1602 - (0.50 - 0.70m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.4 7.9 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 26.6 29.4 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 28.3 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 480 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.5



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S11

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

**Sample Details** 

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S11

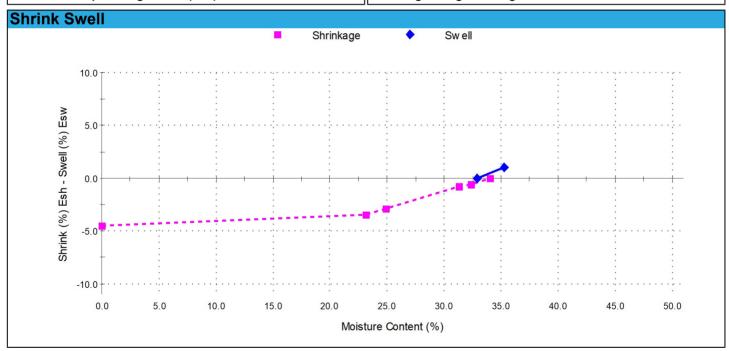
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 **Gravelly Sandy Clay** Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1602 - (1.00 - 1.15m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 1.0 4.5 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 34.0 32.9 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 35.3 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 310 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.8



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S12

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S12

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

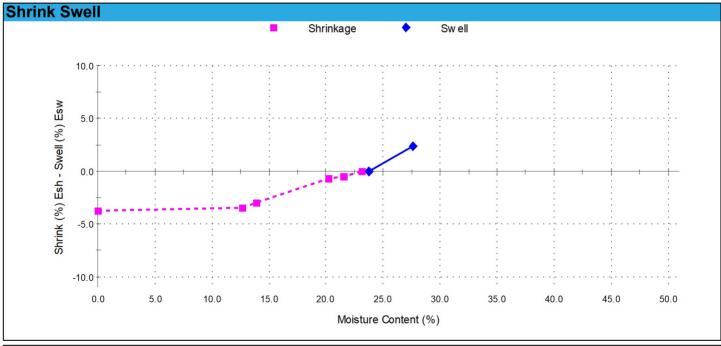
Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1603 - (0.40 - 0.52m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 2.4 3.7 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.1 23.7

Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 27 6 3% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 500 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.7



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# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S13

Issue No: 1

# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 17/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S13

Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

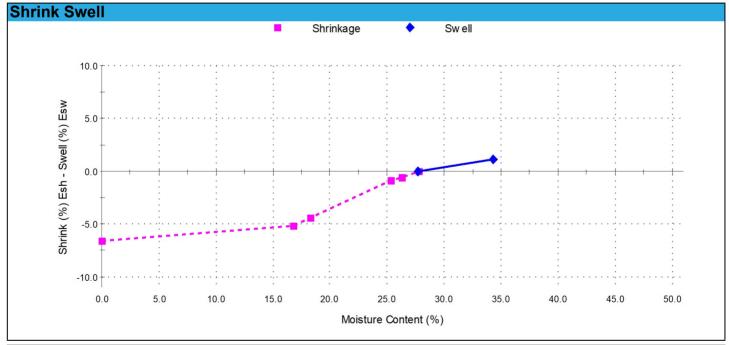
Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1603 - (1.00 - 1.20m)

**Date Tested:** 5/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 1.1 6.6 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.8 27.7 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 34.3 1%

Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 380 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.0



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S14

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S14

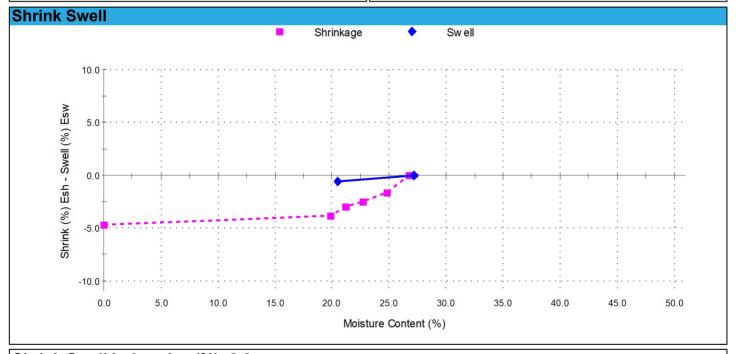
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1604 - (0.40 - 0.60m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): -0.6 4.7 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 26.7 27.2 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 20.4 3% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 430 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Major



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.6



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S15

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S15

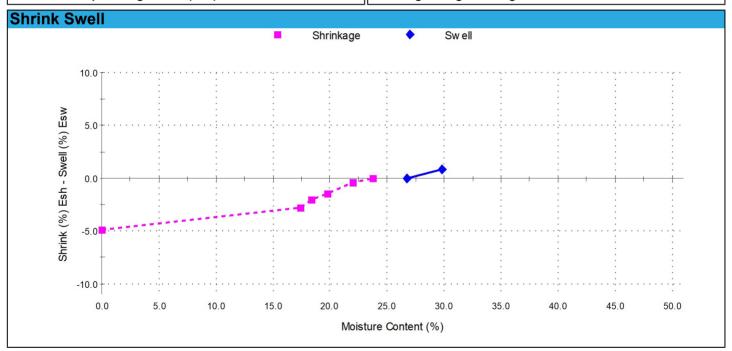
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1604 - (1.00 - 1.15m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.9 4.9 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.7 26.7 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 29.8 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 420 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.0



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S16

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S16

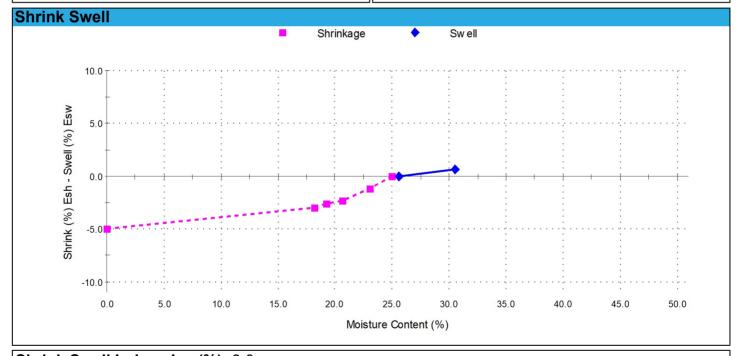
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1605 - (0.40 - 0.57m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.7 5.0 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 24.9 25.6 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 30.5 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 350 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Major



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.0



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S17

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S17

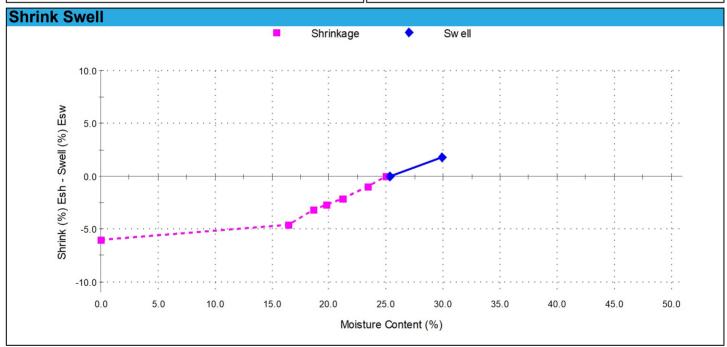
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1605 - (1.00 - 1.18m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 1.8 6.0 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 25.0 25.3 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 29.9 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 480 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.8



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# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S18

Issue No: 1

# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S18

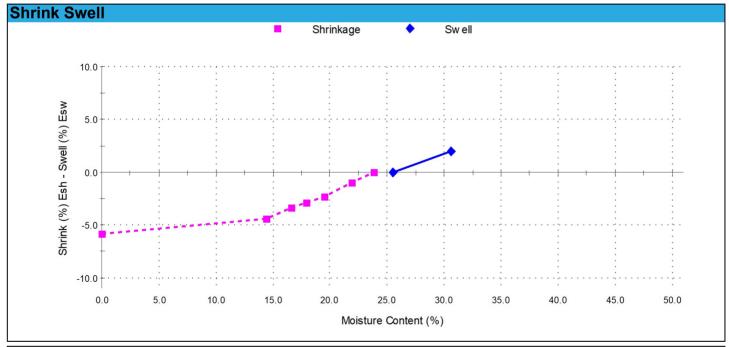
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1606 - (0.50 - 0.63m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 2.0 5.8 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.8 25.5 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 30.6 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 500 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.8



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S19

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S19

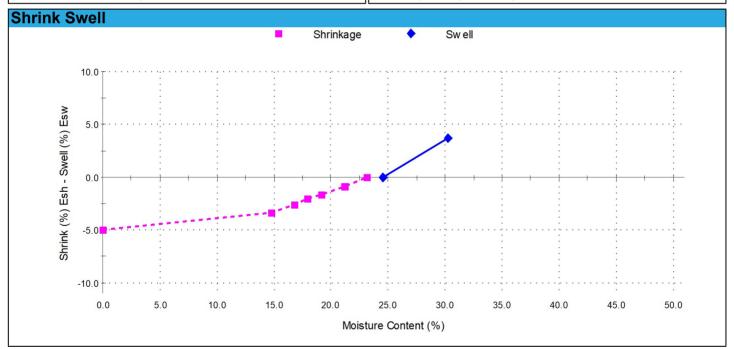
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1607 - (0.50 - 0.66m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 3.7 5.0 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.1 24.6 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 30.3 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): >600 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.8



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S20

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S20

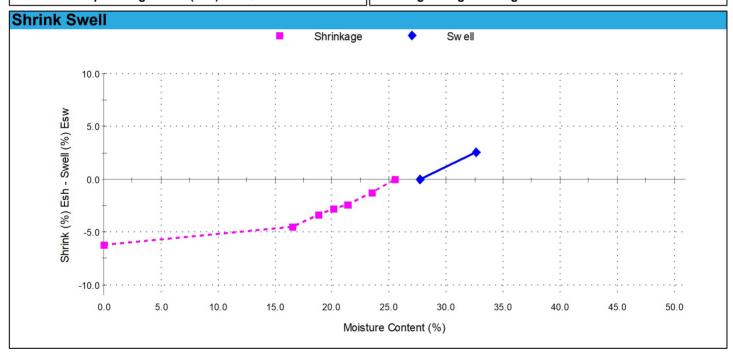
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1608 - (0.40 - 0.60m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 2.6 6.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 25.5 27.7 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 32.7 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 550 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.1



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S21 Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S21

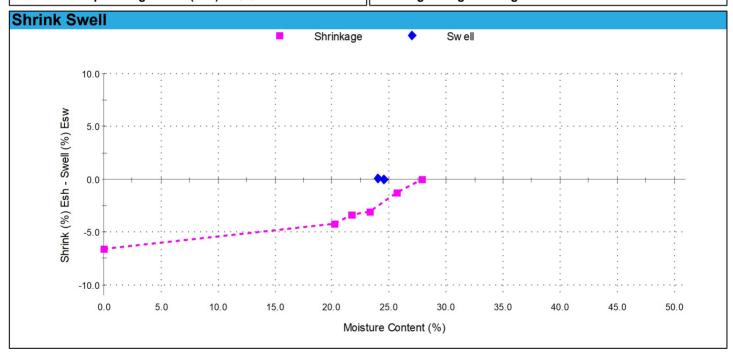
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1609 - (0.60 - 0.75m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.0 6.6 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.8 24.5 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 24.0 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 380 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.7



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# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S22

Issue No: 1

# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 31/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S22

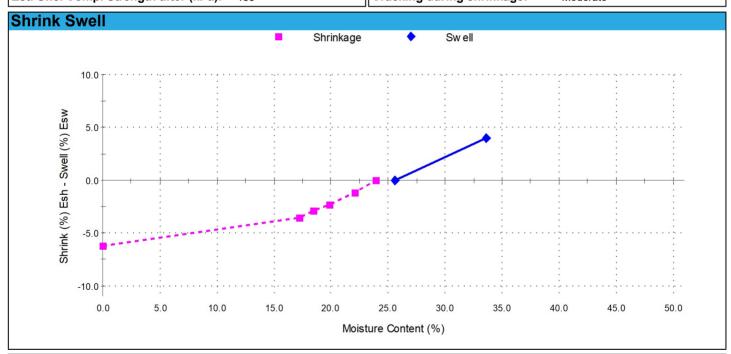
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1610 - (0.50 - 0.63m)

**Date Tested:** 9/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 4.0 6.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 23.9 25.6 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 33.6 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 380 Crumbling during shrinkage: Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.5



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S23

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S23

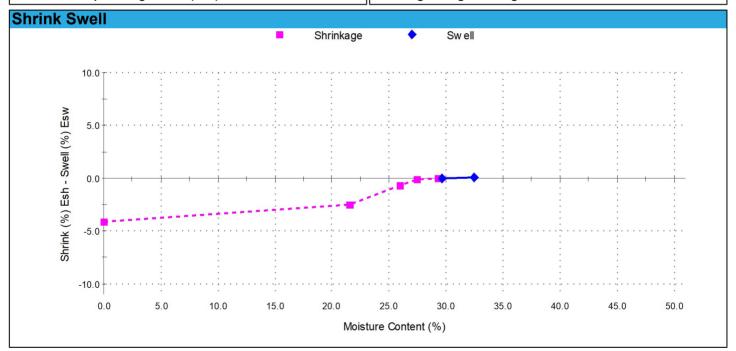
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1610 - (1.00 - 1.20m)

**Date Tested:** 11/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.0 4.1 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 29.3 29.6 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 32.5 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 530 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.3



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S24

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 31/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S24

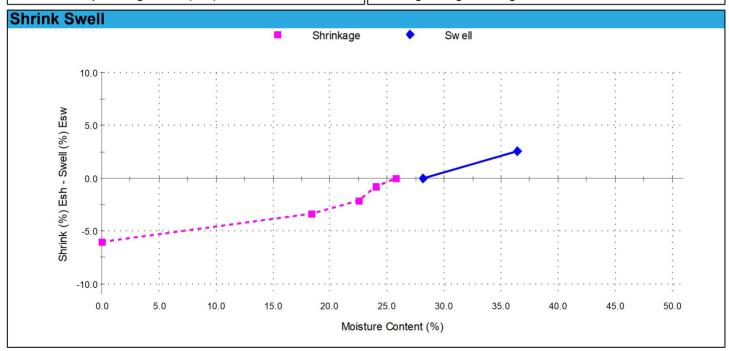
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1611 - (0.50 - 0.75m)

**Date Tested:** 11/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 2.6 6.0 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 25.8 28.2 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 36.4 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 240 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.0



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S25

Issue No: 1



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Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S25

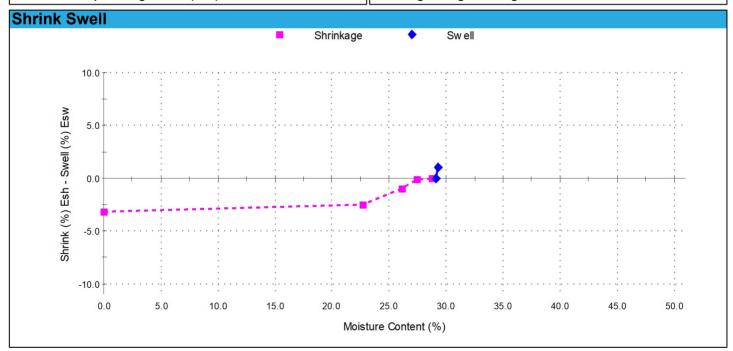
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1611 - (1.00 - 1.15m)

**Date Tested:** 11/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 1.0 3.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 28.8 29.1 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 29.3 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 280 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.1



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S26

Issue No: 1



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Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S26

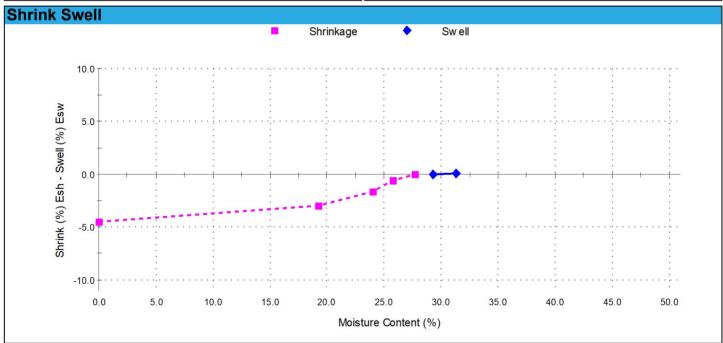
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1612 - (0.40 - 0.55m)

**Date Tested:** 11/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.1 4.5 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.7 29.3 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 31.3 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 250 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.5



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S27 Issue No: 1

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Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022



## Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S27

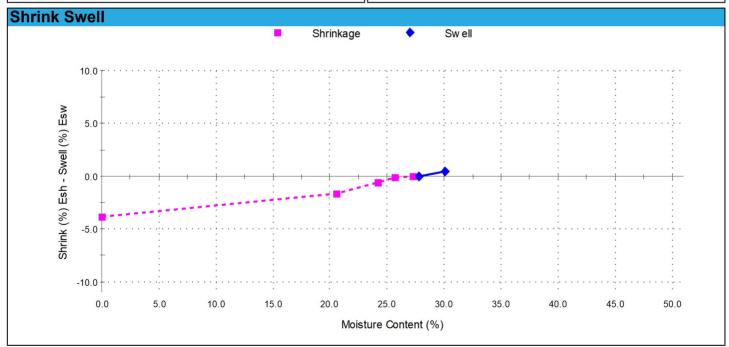
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1612 - (1.00 - 1.15m)

**Date Tested:** 11/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.4 3.8 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 27.2 27.8 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 30.1 6% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 400 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 2.2



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S28

Issue No: 1



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Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 31/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S28

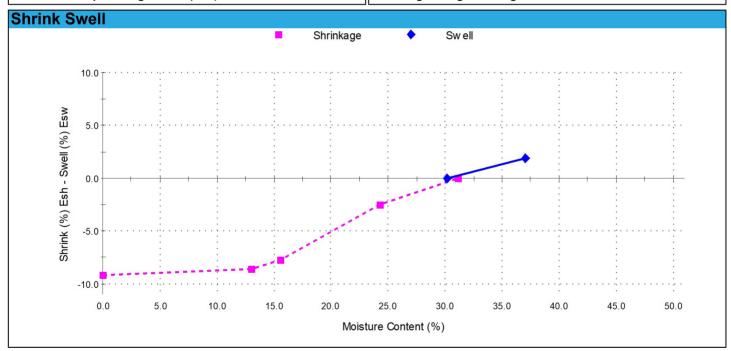
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1613 - (0.50 - 0.65m)

**Date Tested:** 13/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 1.9 9.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 31.2 30.1 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 37.1 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 220 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 5.6



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S29

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 31/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S29

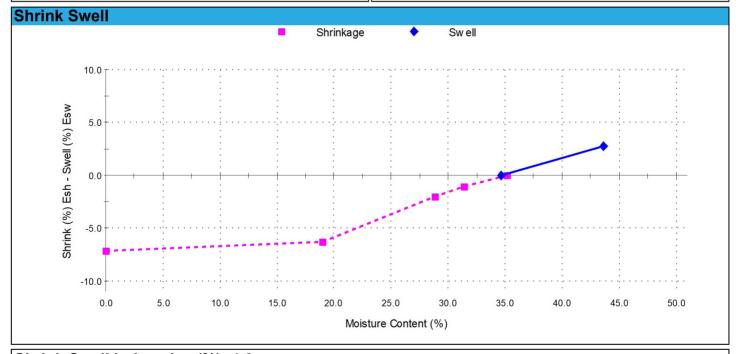
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1613 - (1.00 - 1.15m)

**Date Tested:** 13/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 2.7 7.2 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 35.2 34.7 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 43.6 3% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 190 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.8



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S30

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S30

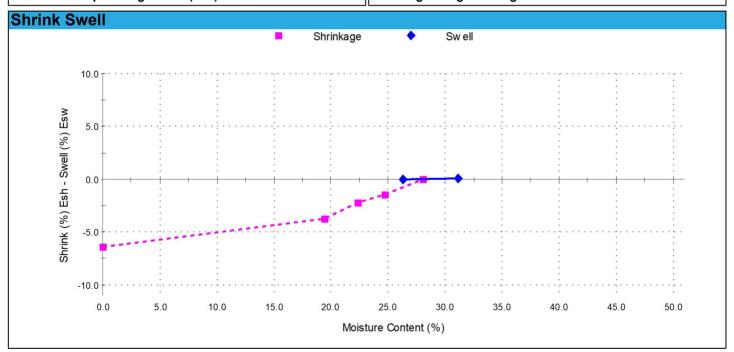
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1614 - (0.70 - 0.95m)

**Date Tested:** 13/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.1 6.4 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 28.0 26.3 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 31.2 3% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 300 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 3.6



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S31

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen

(Engineering Geologist) NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S31

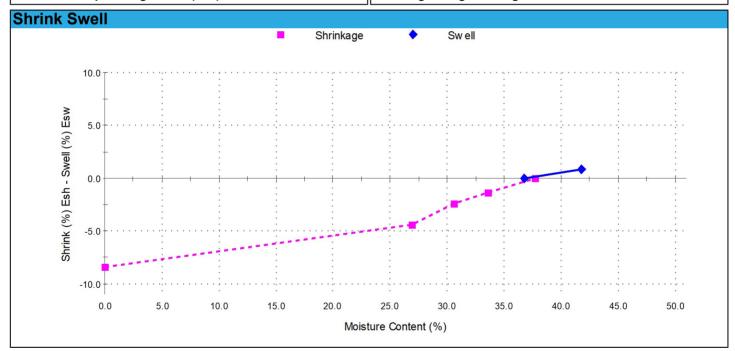
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1615 - (0.70 - 0.90m)

**Date Tested:** 13/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 8.0 8.4 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 37.7 36.8 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 41.7 Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 200 Crumbling during shrinkage: Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Moderate



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.9



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# Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S32

Issue No: 1

# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 31/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S32

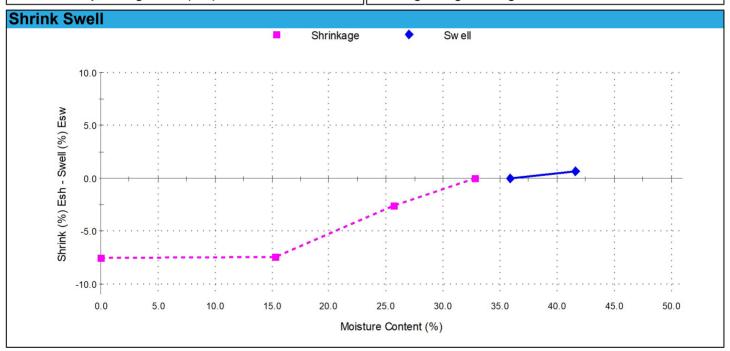
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1616 - (0.50 - 0.70m)

**Date Tested:** 13/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.7 7.6 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 32.8 35.8 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 41.6 1% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 240 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Minor



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.4



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# **Shrink Swell Index Report**

McCloy Project Management Pty Ltd

PO Box 2214 Dangar NSW 2309

Project No.: NEW17P-0054F

Project Name: Hereford Hill Stage 15 & 16

Project Location: 853 New England Highway, Lochinvar

## Report No: SSI:NEW22W-1266-S33

Issue No: 1



Accredited for compliance with ISO/IEC 17025-Testing. The results of the tests, calibrations and/or measurements included in this document are traceable to Australian/national

Results provided relate only to the items tested or sampled.

Approved Signatory: Brent Cullen (Engineering Geologist)

NATA Accredited Laboratory Number: 18686 Date of Issue: 23/05/2022

Sample Details

Sample ID: NEW22W-1266-S33

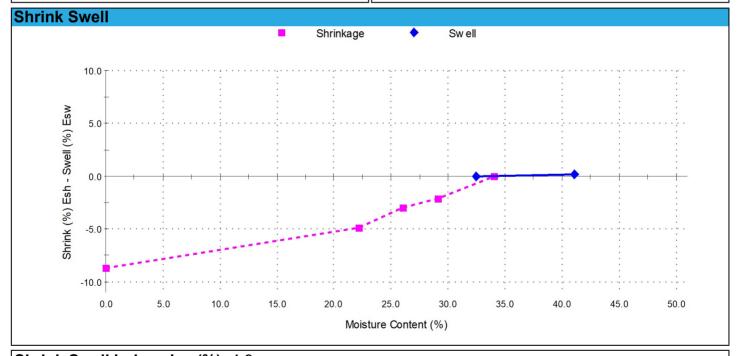
Sampling Method: The results outlined below apply to the sample as received

Material: **Date Sampled:** 26/04/2022 Source: **Date Submitted:** On-Site Insitu 4/05/2022

Specification: No Specification Sample Location: BH1616 - (1.00 - 1.20m)

**Date Tested:** 13/05/2022

Swell Test AS 1289.7.1.1 **Shrink Test** AS 1289.7.1.1 Swell on Saturation (%): Shrink on drying (%): 0.2 8.7 Moisture Content before (%): Shrinkage Moisture Content (%): 34.0 32.4 Moisture Content after (%): Est. inert material (%): 41.1 2% Est. Unc. Comp. Strength before (kPa): 240 Crumbling during shrinkage: Nil Est. Unc. Comp. Strength after (kPa): Cracking during shrinkage: Nil



Shrink Swell Index - Iss (%): 4.9

# **APPENDIX C:**

**CSIRO Sheet BTF 18** 

Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide

# Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide



BTF 18 replaces Information Sheet 10/91

Buildings can and often do move. This movement can be up, down, lateral or rotational. The fundamental cause of movement in buildings can usually be related to one or more problems in the foundation soil. It is important for the homeowner to identify the soil type in order to ascertain the measures that should be put in place in order to ensure that problems in the foundation soil can be prevented, thus protecting against building movement.

This Building Technology File is designed to identify causes of soil-related building movement, and to suggest methods of prevention of resultant cracking in buildings.

### **Soil Types**

The types of soils usually present under the topsoil in land zoned for residential buildings can be split into two approximate groups – granular and clay. Quite often, foundation soil is a mixture of both types. The general problems associated with soils having granular content are usually caused by erosion. Clay soils are subject to saturation and swell/shrink problems.

Classifications for a given area can generally be obtained by application to the local authority, but these are sometimes unreliable and if there is doubt, a geotechnical report should be commissioned. As most buildings suffering movement problems are founded on clay soils, there is an emphasis on classification of soils according to the amount of swell and shrinkage they experience with variations of water content. The table below is Table 2.1 from AS 2870, the Residential Slab and Footing Code.

#### **Causes of Movement**

#### Settlement due to construction

There are two types of settlement that occur as a result of construction:

- Immediate settlement occurs when a building is first placed on its foundation soil, as a result of compaction of the soil under the weight of the structure. The cohesive quality of clay soil mitigates against this, but granular (particularly sandy) soil is susceptible.
- Consolidation settlement is a feature of clay soil and may take
  place because of the expulsion of moisture from the soil or because
  of the soil's lack of resistance to local compressive or shear stresses.
  This will usually take place during the first few months after
  construction, but has been known to take many years in
  exceptional cases.

These problems are the province of the builder and should be taken into consideration as part of the preparation of the site for construction. Building Technology File 19 (BTF 19) deals with these problems.

#### **Erosion**

All soils are prone to erosion, but sandy soil is particularly susceptible to being washed away. Even clay with a sand component of say 10% or more can suffer from erosion.

#### Saturation

This is particularly a problem in clay soils. Saturation creates a bog-like suspension of the soil that causes it to lose virtually all of its bearing capacity. To a lesser degree, sand is affected by saturation because saturated sand may undergo a reduction in volume – particularly imported sand fill for bedding and blinding layers. However, this usually occurs as immediate settlement and should normally be the province of the builder.

#### Seasonal swelling and shrinkage of soil

All clays react to the presence of water by slowly absorbing it, making the soil increase in volume (see table below). The degree of increase varies considerably between different clays, as does the degree of decrease during the subsequent drying out caused by fair weather periods. Because of the low absorption and expulsion rate, this phenomenon will not usually be noticeable unless there are prolonged rainy or dry periods, usually of weeks or months, depending on the land and soil characteristics.

The swelling of soil creates an upward force on the footings of the building, and shrinkage creates subsidence that takes away the support needed by the footing to retain equilibrium.

#### Shear failure

This phenomenon occurs when the foundation soil does not have sufficient strength to support the weight of the footing. There are two major post-construction causes:

- · Significant load increase.
- Reduction of lateral support of the soil under the footing due to erosion or excavation.
- In clay soil, shear failure can be caused by saturation of the soil adjacent to or under the footing.

	GENERAL DEFINITIONS OF SITE CLASSES								
Class	Foundation								
A	Most sand and rock sites with little or no ground movement from moisture changes								
S	Slightly reactive clay sites with only slight ground movement from moisture changes								
M	Moderately reactive clay or silt sites, which can experience moderate ground movement from moisture changes								
Н	Highly reactive clay sites, which can experience high ground movement from moisture changes								
Е	Extremely reactive sites, which can experience extreme ground movement from moisture changes								
A to P	Filled sites								
P	Sites which include soft soils, such as soft clay or silt or loose sands; landslip; mine subsidence; collapsing soils; soils subject to erosion; reactive sites subject to abnormal moisture conditions or sites which cannot be classified otherwise								

Tree root growth

Trees and shrubs that are allowed to grow in the vicinity of footings can cause foundation soil movement in two ways:

- Roots that grow under footings may increase in cross-sectional size, exerting upward pressure on footings.
- Roots in the vicinity of footings will absorb much of the moisture in the foundation soil, causing shrinkage or subsidence.

#### **Unevenness of Movement**

The types of ground movement described above usually occur unevenly throughout the building's foundation soil. Settlement due to construction tends to be uneven because of:

- Differing compaction of foundation soil prior to construction.
- Differing moisture content of foundation soil prior to construction.

Movement due to non-construction causes is usually more uneven still. Erosion can undermine a footing that traverses the flow or can create the conditions for shear failure by eroding soil adjacent to a footing that runs in the same direction as the flow.

Saturation of clay foundation soil may occur where subfloor walls create a dam that makes water pond. It can also occur wherever there is a source of water near footings in clay soil. This leads to a severe reduction in the strength of the soil which may create local shear failure.

Seasonal swelling and shrinkage of clay soil affects the perimeter of the building first, then gradually spreads to the interior. The swelling process will usually begin at the uphill extreme of the building, or on the weather side where the land is flat. Swelling gradually reaches the interior soil as absorption continues. Shrinkage usually begins where the sun's heat is greatest.

## **Effects of Uneven Soil Movement on Structures**

#### **Erosion and saturation**

Erosion removes the support from under footings, tending to create subsidence of the part of the structure under which it occurs. Brickwork walls will resist the stress created by this removal of support by bridging the gap or cantilevering until the bricks or the mortar bedding fail. Older masonry has little resistance. Evidence of failure varies according to circumstances and symptoms may include:

- Step cracking in the mortar beds in the body of the wall or above/below openings such as doors or windows.
- Vertical cracking in the bricks (usually but not necessarily in line with the vertical beds or perpends).

Isolated piers affected by erosion or saturation of foundations will eventually lose contact with the bearers they support and may tilt or fall over. The floors that have lost this support will become bouncy, sometimes rattling ornaments etc.

Seasonal swelling/shrinkage in clay

Swelling foundation soil due to rainy periods first lifts the most exposed extremities of the footing system, then the remainder of the perimeter footings while gradually permeating inside the building footprint to lift internal footings. This swelling first tends to create a dish effect, because the external footings are pushed higher than the internal ones.

The first noticeable symptom may be that the floor appears slightly dished. This is often accompanied by some doors binding on the floor or the door head, together with some cracking of cornice mitres. In buildings with timber flooring supported by bearers and joists, the floor can be bouncy. Externally there may be visible dishing of the hip or ridge lines.

As the moisture absorption process completes its journey to the innermost areas of the building, the internal footings will rise. If the spread of moisture is roughly even, it may be that the symptoms will temporarily disappear, but it is more likely that swelling will be uneven, creating a difference rather than a disappearance in symptoms. In buildings with timber flooring supported by bearers and joists, the isolated piers will rise more easily than the strip footings or piers under walls, creating noticeable doming of flooring.



As the weather pattern changes and the soil begins to dry out, the external footings will be first affected, beginning with the locations where the sun's effect is strongest. This has the effect of lowering the external footings. The doming is accentuated and cracking reduces or disappears where it occurred because of dishing, but other cracks open up. The roof lines may become convex.

Doming and dishing are also affected by weather in other ways. In areas where warm, wet summers and cooler dry winters prevail, water migration tends to be toward the interior and doming will be accentuated, whereas where summers are dry and winters are cold and wet, migration tends to be toward the exterior and the underlying propensity is toward dishing.

#### Movement caused by tree roots

In general, growing roots will exert an upward pressure on footings, whereas soil subject to drying because of tree or shrub roots will tend to remove support from under footings by inducing shrinkage.

#### Complications caused by the structure itself

Most forces that the soil causes to be exerted on structures are vertical – i.e. either up or down. However, because these forces are seldom spread evenly around the footings, and because the building resists uneven movement because of its rigidity, forces are exerted from one part of the building to another. The net result of all these forces is usually rotational. This resultant force often complicates the diagnosis because the visible symptoms do not simply reflect the original cause. A common symptom is binding of doors on the vertical member of the frame.

#### Effects on full masonry structures

Brickwork will resist cracking where it can. It will attempt to span areas that lose support because of subsided foundations or raised points. It is therefore usual to see cracking at weak points, such as openings for windows or doors.

In the event of construction settlement, cracking will usually remain unchanged after the process of settlement has ceased.

With local shear or erosion, cracking will usually continue to develop until the original cause has been remedied, or until the subsidence has completely neutralised the affected portion of footing and the structure has stabilised on other footings that remain effective.

In the case of swell/shrink effects, the brickwork will in some cases return to its original position after completion of a cycle, however it is more likely that the rotational effect will not be exactly reversed, and it is also usual that brickwork will settle in its new position and will resist the forces trying to return it to its original position. This means that in a case where swelling takes place after construction and cracking occurs, the cracking is likely to at least partly remain after the shrink segment of the cycle is complete. Thus, each time the cycle is repeated, the likelihood is that the cracking will become wider until the sections of brickwork become virtually independent.

With repeated cycles, once the cracking is established, if there is no other complication, it is normal for the incidence of cracking to stabilise, as the building has the articulation it needs to cope with the problem. This is by no means always the case, however, and monitoring of cracks in walls and floors should always be treated seriously.

Upheaval caused by growth of tree roots under footings is not a simple vertical shear stress. There is a tendency for the root to also exert lateral forces that attempt to separate sections of brickwork after initial cracking has occurred.

The normal structural arrangement is that the inner leaf of brickwork in the external walls and at least some of the internal walls (depending on the roof type) comprise the load-bearing structure on which any upper floors, ceilings and the roof are supported. In these cases, it is internally visible cracking that should be the main focus of attention, however there are a few examples of dwellings whose external leaf of masonry plays some supporting role, so this should be checked if there is any doubt. In any case, externally visible cracking is important as a guide to stresses on the structure generally, and it should also be remembered that the external walls must be capable of supporting themselves.

#### Effects on framed structures

Timber or steel framed buildings are less likely to exhibit cracking due to swell/shrink than masonry buildings because of their flexibility. Also, the doming/dishing effects tend to be lower because of the lighter weight of walls. The main risks to framed buildings are encountered because of the isolated pier footings used under walls. Where erosion or saturation cause a footing to fall away, this can double the span which a wall must bridge. This additional stress can create cracking in wall linings, particularly where there is a weak point in the structure caused by a door or window opening. It is, however, unlikely that framed structures will be so stressed as to suffer serious damage without first exhibiting some or all of the above symptoms for a considerable period. The same warning period should apply in the case of upheaval. It should be noted, however, that where framed buildings are supported by strip footings there is only one leaf of brickwork and therefore the externally visible walls are the supporting structure for the building. In this case, the subfloor masonry walls can be expected to behave as full brickwork walls.

#### Effects on brick veneer structures

Because the load-bearing structure of a brick veneer building is the frame that makes up the interior leaf of the external walls plus perhaps the internal walls, depending on the type of roof, the building can be expected to behave as a framed structure, except that the external masonry will behave in a similar way to the external leaf of a full masonry structure.

#### Water Service and Drainage

Where a water service pipe, a sewer or stormwater drainage pipe is in the vicinity of a building, a water leak can cause erosion, swelling or saturation of susceptible soil. Even a minuscule leak can be enough to saturate a clay foundation. A leaking tap near a building can have the same effect. In addition, trenches containing pipes can become watercourses even though backfilled, particularly where broken rubble is used as fill. Water that runs along these trenches can be responsible for serious erosion, interstrata seepage into subfloor areas and saturation.

Pipe leakage and trench water flows also encourage tree and shrub roots to the source of water, complicating and exacerbating the problem.

Poor roof plumbing can result in large volumes of rainwater being concentrated in a small area of soil:

 Incorrect falls in roof guttering may result in overflows, as may gutters blocked with leaves etc.

- Corroded guttering or downpipes can spill water to ground.
- Downpipes not positively connected to a proper stormwater collection system will direct a concentration of water to soil that is directly adjacent to footings, sometimes causing large-scale problems such as erosion, saturation and migration of water under the building.

## Seriousness of Cracking

In general, most cracking found in masonry walls is a cosmetic nuisance only and can be kept in repair or even ignored. The table below is a reproduction of Table C1 of AS 2870.

AS 2870 also publishes figures relating to cracking in concrete floors, however because wall cracking will usually reach the critical point significantly earlier than cracking in slabs, this table is not reproduced here.

#### Prevention/Cure

#### Plumbing

Where building movement is caused by water service, roof plumbing, sewer or stormwater failure, the remedy is to repair the problem. It is prudent, however, to consider also rerouting pipes away from the building where possible, and relocating taps to positions where any leakage will not direct water to the building vicinity. Even where gully traps are present, there is sometimes sufficient spill to create erosion or saturation, particularly in modern installations using smaller diameter PVC fixtures. Indeed, some gully traps are not situated directly under the taps that are installed to charge them, with the result that water from the tap may enter the backfilled trench that houses the sewer piping. If the trench has been poorly backfilled, the water will either pond or flow along the bottom of the trench. As these trenches usually run alongside the footings and can be at a similar depth, it is not hard to see how any water that is thus directed into a trench can easily affect the foundation's ability to support footings or even gain entry to the subfloor area.

#### Ground drainage

In all soils there is the capacity for water to travel on the surface and below it. Surface water flows can be established by inspection during and after heavy or prolonged rain. If necessary, a grated drain system connected to the stormwater collection system is usually an easy solution.

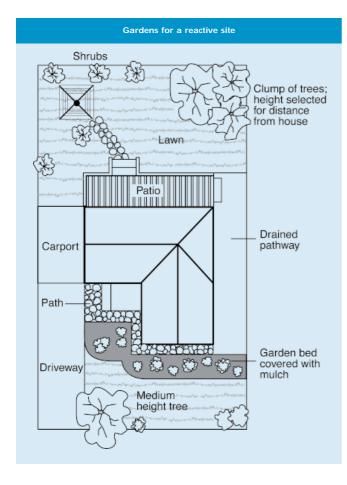
It is, however, sometimes necessary when attempting to prevent water migration that testing be carried out to establish watertable height and subsoil water flows. This subject is referred to in BTF 19 and may properly be regarded as an area for an expert consultant.

## Protection of the building perimeter

It is essential to remember that the soil that affects footings extends well beyond the actual building line. Watering of garden plants, shrubs and trees causes some of the most serious water problems.

For this reason, particularly where problems exist or are likely to occur, it is recommended that an apron of paving be installed around as much of the building perimeter as necessary. This paving

#### CLASSIFICATION OF DAMAGE WITH REFERENCE TO WALLS Description of typical damage and required repair Approximate crack width **Damage** limit (see Note 3) category Hairline cracks <0.1 mm0 Fine cracks which do not need repair 1 <1 mm 2 Cracks noticeable but easily filled. Doors and windows stick slightly <5 mm 3 Cracks can be repaired and possibly a small amount of wall will need 5-15 mm (or a number of cracks to be replaced. Doors and windows stick. Service pipes can fracture. 3 mm or more in one group) Weathertightness often impaired Extensive repair work involving breaking-out and replacing sections of walls, 15-25 mm but also depend 4 especially over doors and windows. Window and door frames distort. Walls lean on number of cracks or bulge noticeably, some loss of bearing in beams. Service pipes disrupted



should extend outwards a minimum of 900 mm (more in highly reactive soil) and should have a minimum fall away from the building of 1:60. The finished paving should be no less than 100 mm below brick vent bases.

It is prudent to relocate drainage pipes away from this paving, if possible, to avoid complications from future leakage. If this is not practical, earthenware pipes should be replaced by PVC and backfilling should be of the same soil type as the surrounding soil and compacted to the same density.

Except in areas where freezing of water is an issue, it is wise to remove taps in the building area and relocate them well away from the building – preferably not uphill from it (see BTF 19).

It may be desirable to install a grated drain at the outside edge of the paving on the uphill side of the building. If subsoil drainage is needed this can be installed under the surface drain.

#### Condensation

In buildings with a subfloor void such as where bearers and joists support flooring, insufficient ventilation creates ideal conditions for condensation, particularly where there is little clearance between the floor and the ground. Condensation adds to the moisture already present in the subfloor and significantly slows the process of drying out. Installation of an adequate subfloor ventilation system, either natural or mechanical, is desirable.

*Warning*: Although this Building Technology File deals with cracking in buildings, it should be said that subfloor moisture can result in the development of other problems, notably:

- Water that is transmitted into masonry, metal or timber building elements causes damage and/or decay to those elements.
- High subfloor humidity and moisture content create an ideal environment for various pests, including termites and spiders.
- Where high moisture levels are transmitted to the flooring and walls, an increase in the dust mite count can ensue within the living areas. Dust mites, as well as dampness in general, can be a health hazard to inhabitants, particularly those who are abnormally susceptible to respiratory ailments.

The garden

The ideal vegetation layout is to have lawn or plants that require only light watering immediately adjacent to the drainage or paving edge, then more demanding plants, shrubs and trees spread out in that order

Overwatering due to misuse of automatic watering systems is a common cause of saturation and water migration under footings. If it is necessary to use these systems, it is important to remove garden beds to a completely safe distance from buildings.

**Existing trees** 

Where a tree is causing a problem of soil drying or there is the existence or threat of upheaval of footings, if the offending roots are subsidiary and their removal will not significantly damage the tree, they should be severed and a concrete or metal barrier placed vertically in the soil to prevent future root growth in the direction of the building. If it is not possible to remove the relevant roots without damage to the tree, an application to remove the tree should be made to the local authority. A prudent plan is to transplant likely offenders before they become a problem.

#### Information on trees, plants and shrubs

State departments overseeing agriculture can give information regarding root patterns, volume of water needed and safe distance from buildings of most species. Botanic gardens are also sources of information. For information on plant roots and drains, see Building Technology File 17.

#### Excavation

Excavation around footings must be properly engineered. Soil supporting footings can only be safely excavated at an angle that allows the soil under the footing to remain stable. This angle is called the angle of repose (or friction) and varies significantly between soil types and conditions. Removal of soil within the angle of repose will cause subsidence.

#### Remediation

Where erosion has occurred that has washed away soil adjacent to footings, soil of the same classification should be introduced and compacted to the same density. Where footings have been undermined, augmentation or other specialist work may be required. Remediation of footings and foundations is generally the realm of a specialist consultant.

Where isolated footings rise and fall because of swell/shrink effect, the homeowner may be tempted to alleviate floor bounce by filling the gap that has appeared between the bearer and the pier with blocking. The danger here is that when the next swell segment of the cycle occurs, the extra blocking will push the floor up into an accentuated dome and may also cause local shear failure in the soil. If it is necessary to use blocking, it should be by a pair of fine wedges and monitoring should be carried out fortnightly.

This BTF was prepared by John Lewer FAIB, MIAMA, Partner, Construction Diagnosis.

The information in this and other issues in the series was derived from various sources and was believed to be correct when published.

The information is advisory. It is provided in good faith and not claimed to be an exhaustive treatment of the relevant subject.

Further professional advice needs to be obtained before taking any action based on the information provided.

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